

$TOWN\ OF\ SEABROOK,\ NEW\ HAMPSHIRE$

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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TOWN OF SEABROOK, NEW HAMPSHIRE

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PLODZIK & SANDERSON

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the Board of Selectmen and Town Manager Town of Seabrook Seabrook, New Hampshire

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, major governmental and proprietary funds, and aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Seabrook as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, major governmental and proprietary funds, and aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Seabrook, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the general for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town of Seabrook and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Town of Seabrook's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Seabrook's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

Town of Seabrook Independent Auditor's Report

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate
 in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Seabrook's
 internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Seabrook's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 2-C to the financial statements, in fiscal year 2022 the Town adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information – Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the following be presented to supplement the basic financial statements:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis,
- Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability,
- Schedule of Town Contributions Pensions,
- Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability,
- Schedule of Town Contributions Other Postemployment Benefits,
- Schedule of Changes in the Town's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios, and
- Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information — Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Seabrook's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

November 14, 2023 Concord, New Hampshire



Town of Seabrook Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year 2022

The Town of Seabrook's (the Town) discussion and analysis is designed to: (1) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues; (2) provide an overview of the Town's financial activity; (3) identify changes in the Town's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year's challenges); and (4) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget).

Financial Highlights:

- > The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent year-end by \$43,895,590 (net position).
- > The Town's change in net position was a decrease of \$328,194.
- At the close of the current year, the Town's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$15,046,624. Approximately 24.8% (\$3,731,958) of this total amount is available for spending at the Town's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund is \$3,731,958, which is a decrease of 11% (\$447,502) in relationship to the year-end balance.

Overview of the Financial Statements:

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements include four components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; 3) notes to the financial statements; and 4) required supplementary information. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplementary information.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements provide a broad view of the Town's finances. These statements (*Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*) provide both short-term and long-term information about the Town's overall financial position. They are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting which recognizes all revenues and expenses connected with the current year, even if cash has not been received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Town's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between the two being reported as net position. Overall, increases or decreases in the net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will not result in cash flows until future periods (such as uncollected taxes, licenses,

and earned but unused vacation leave). This statement also presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Town.

The Town participates in governmental activities and business type activities. The governmental activities in this section represent most of the Town's basic services and are generally supported by taxes, grants, and intergovernmental revenues. The governmental activities of the Town include general government, public safety, highway and streets, sanitation, water distribution and treatment, health, welfare, culture and recreation, conservation, and economic development. The business type activities include water and sewer services.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13-14 of this report, the business type statements are found on page 20-22.

Fund financial statements

Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of the fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the Town rather than the Town as a whole. Except for the General Fund, a specific fund is established to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The fund financial statements focus on the individual parts of the Town government and report the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The Town's funds are divided into two categories: 1) governmental; and 2) fiduciary.

Governmental funds: Most of the basic services provided by the Town are financed through governmental funds. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented here with similar information presented in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund *Balance Sheet* and the governmental fund *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances* provide reconciliation to the government-wide statements in order to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains eleven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the *Governmental Fund Balance Sheet* and in the *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances* for the General Fund. The General Fund accounts for governmental services provided to the Town's residents. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation termed Other Governmental Funds.

The Town's governmental fund financial statements can be found on page 15-18.

Fiduciary Funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government, such as developer's performance bonds, capital reserve and expendable trust funds belonging to other governments, and trust funds for which the income is used for purposes that are not normally funded by the Town. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because these funds are not available to support the Town's own programs. The accounting used for the fiduciary funds is much like that used for businesses.

The Town's fiduciary funds statements can be found on pages 23-24 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and the fund financial statements and are required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States.

The notes to the financial statements begin on page 25.

Required Supplementary Information:

In addition to this Management's Discussion and Analysis the basic financial statements and accompanying notes are followed by a section of required supplementary information.

This section includes the following information:

- Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability
- Schedule of Town Contributions Pensions
- Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability
- Schedule of Town Contributions Other Postemployment Benefits
- Schedule of Changes in Town's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios
- Notes to the required supplementary information

Other information: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information which is required to be disclosed by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Government-wide Financial Statement Analysis:

The following table reflects a condensed summary of Net Position compared to the prior year. More detailed information can be found in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements section of the annual report starting on page 25.

Town of	Se	abrook				
Net Position as of Dec	eml	oer 31, 2022 an	d 20	21		
	C	Sovernmental an	d Bu	siness type		
		Activities				
		2022	2021			
				(As restated)		
Current and other assets	\$	32,143,226	\$	30,064,958		
Capital assets, net		54,809,250		55,069,649		
Total assets		86,952,476		85,134,607		
Related to OPEB		165,902		174,224		
Related to Pensions		5,740,951		4,006,607		
Total Deferred outflow or resources		5,906,853	-	4,180,831		
Current liabilities		11,792,892		11,083,453		
Long-term liabilities		34,684,637		28,897,305		
Total liabilities		46,477,529		39,980,758		
Related to OPEB		67,154		70,506		
Related to pensions		179,212		4,344,958		
Unavailable Revenue		2,239,844		695,432		
Total Deferred outflow or resources		2,486,210		5,110,896		
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets, net of related de	bt	45,600,465		45,278,100		
Restricted		7,681,564		6,048,511		
Unrestricted		(9,386,439)		(7,102,827)		
Total net assets	\$	43,895,590	\$	44,223,784		

Net position

Net investment in Capital Assets: The largest portion of the Town's net position 103.9% reflects its net investment in capital assets.

Restricted Net Position: Only 17.5% of the Town's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

Unrestricted Net Position: The remaining -21.4% of the Town's total net position falls into this category. Internally imposed designations of resources are not presented as restricted net position. At the end of the year, the Town did have a negative balance in unrestricted net position.

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$43,895,590 as of December 31, 2022.

The Town's capital assets, net of related debt, at the end of 2022 were \$45,600,465. Capital assets are items such as land, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure (roads and bridges). This portion of the Town's net position (103.9%) reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

Long-term liabilities increased by \$6,382,366. This was due to the following factors: a decrease in bond debt of \$649,814, a decrease in bond premium of \$21,624; an increase in compensated absences (vested sick leave and accrued vacation leave) of \$377,636, an increase in other post-employment benefits of \$156,803; and an increase of \$6,519,365 in net pension liability.

The Town reported \$16,925 in net position restricted for perpetual care, representing the permanent trust funds. And the Town also reported \$7,664,639 which is restricted for the road improvements, donations, drug forfeiture, library, and capital project. Total restricted net position is \$7,681,564.

The balance of unrestricted net position totaling a deficit -\$9,386,439. The unrestricted net position represents negative 21.4% of the Town's total net position.

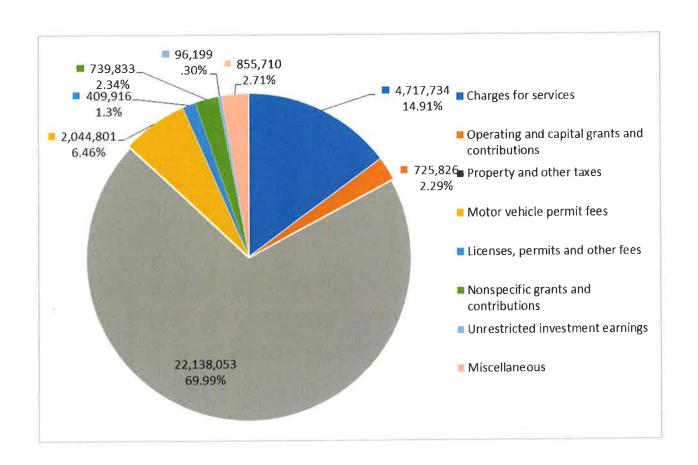
The following is a summary of the information presented in the Statement of Activities found on page 14.

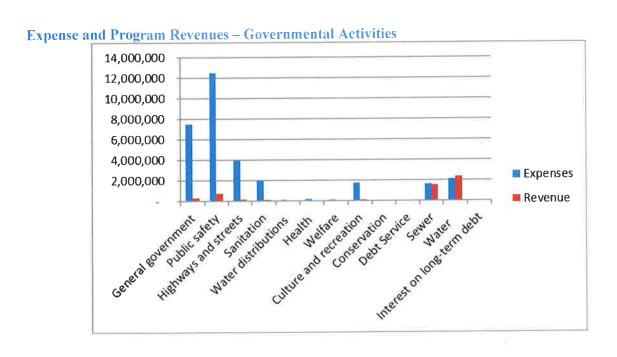
	Town of Seabro						
	Changes in Net Position for year ended	Decembe	er 31, 2022 and	2021			
			Governmental an		iness type		
			Activ	vities			
Revenues							
Program reven	ues:		2022		2021		
					(As restated)		
	for services	\$	4,717,734	\$	4,987,638		
	g and capital grants and contributions		628,723		274,009		
Capital (grants and contributions		97,103				
General reven	IAS.						
	and other taxes		22,138,053		19,011,863		
	phicle permit fees		2,044,801		2,134,933		
	s, permits and other fees		409,916		291,149		
	and contributions not restricted to specific pro	grams	739,833		654,210		
	cted investment earnings	3	96,199		76,976		
Miscella			855,710		1,504,862		
	Total revenues	\$	31,728,072	\$	28,935,640		
Expenses							
	governmental	\$	7,506,162	\$	6,996,078		
Public s			12,502,367		11,347,189		
	s and streets		3,965,323		3,512,782		
Sanitatio			1,984,822		4,011,973		
	istributions and treatments		153,589		1,027,179		
Health			205,662		219,432		
Welfare			134,624		215,736		
	and recreation		1,745,844		1,677,827		
Conserv			10,329		10,805		
Debt Se	rvice		26,904		335,342		
Sewer			1,653,341		•		
Water			2,167,299				
	Total expenses	\$	32,056,266	\$	29,354,343		
Ingrages (Dec	rease) in net assets		(328, 194)		(418,703		
Net effect of re			(020, 104)		326,505		
Property of the Control of the Contr	estatements eginning of year as restated		44,223,784		44,315,982		
ivel assets, D		\$	43,895,590	\$	44,223,784		
	Net assets, end of year	2	43,083,380	Ψ	77,220,70		

Governmental Activities

Net position decreased in 2022 by \$328,194. This decrease was due mainly to decrease in revenues.

The total cost of Governmental activities this year was \$26,235,626 and the cost for business type activities of \$3,820,640. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through Town property taxes was only \$22,044,579. The overall tax rate in 2022 decreased to (\$13.25/\$1000) compared to the 2021 rate of (\$13.73/\$1000). Those who directly benefited from the programs paid \$4,717,734, and other governments and organizations subsidized certain programs in the amount of \$725,826. The Town paid for the remaining governmental activities with \$4,239,933 in revenues not specifically targeted for specific programs. These revenues are known as general revenues, such as: other taxes, interest, miscellaneous, motor vehicle permit fees, and other licenses and permits.





The Town's expenses cover a range of services. The largest expenses were for public safety, which accounts for 39.3% of total expenses. Public safety is made up of police, fire, building inspections, and emergency services.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds:

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds

The governmental fund financial statements for the Town are provided on pages 15-18. The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

At the end of the current year, the Town's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$15,046,624, which increased \$728,142 from the prior year. Of the \$15,046,624 in combined ending fund balance, \$11,314,666 has been designated for specific uses. The remaining fund balance of \$3,731,958 is considered unassigned and is available for spending at the Town's discretion subject to budgetary controls.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current year the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$3,731,958. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 14.2% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 57.3% of that same amount.

The unassigned fund balance of the Town's General Fund increased by \$1,642,007, or 8%, from the prior year. Key factors in this change are as follows:

Excess of revenues over budget estimates and	
unexpensed balance of appropriations	\$2,013,156
Decrease in fund balance non-spendable	9,263
Increase in fund balance restricted	(860,488)
Decrease in fund balance committed	480,076
Total	\$1,642,007

Capital Assets and Long-Term Liabilities:

Capital assets

The Town's capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of December 31, 2022 are \$54,809,250 net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and building improvements, improvements other than buildings, equipment and vehicles, and infrastructure.

pital Asse	ts		
20)22		2021
\$ 4,	282,101	\$	3,847,749
41,	186,368		41,124,619
2,	102,912		1,576,304
12,	480,700		11,143,508
	888,882		843,434
75,	284,907		74,988,293
136,	225,870		133,523,907
-81,	416,620		-78,603,271
\$ 54,	809,250	\$	54,920,636
	\$ 4, 41, 2, 12, 75, 136, -81,	2022 \$ 4,282,101 41,186,368 2,102,912 12,480,700 888,882 75,284,907 136,225,870 -81,416,620 \$ 54,809,250	2022 \$ 4,282,101

Debt administration and Long-Term Liabilities

Additional information on the long-term liabilities can be found in Note 13 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Liabilities Payable as of December 31, 2022

Long-term Liabilities Payable as of 2021	\$28,985,979
Reductions to Long-term liabilities	-\$787,688
Increases to Long-term liabilities	\$7,170,054
Long-term Liabilities Payable as of 2022	\$35,368,345

Economic Factors and the Future:

New Hampshire Employment Security reports Seabrook's unemployment rate for September 2022 at 3.1%, the State's unemployment rate at 2%. The National unemployment rate is at 3.8%. These same rates for September 2021 were 3.6%, 3.4%, and 4.7% respectively.

In looking to the future, the Town of Seabrook faces the challenge of escalating employee health care costs along with the expiration of a multi-year property tax agreement with its largest property tax payer. These two factors present the Seabrook Board of Selectmen with great challenges in the short term and the longer term.

As noted in a past report Seabrook faces major challenges with the maintenance of equipment and buildings. A comprehensive review of buildings and equipment with a goal of basing future capital requests on data derived from such study, with the funding of a capital reserve account, may assist the Town in dealing with these issues.

As noted in prior reports Seabrook has provided services to its residents without regard to costs. The Board of Selectmen have instituted a fee structure at the Transfer Station to recoup some of the costs of that service. The effort to match costs with revenues is an important effort for Seabrook moving forward. Managing capital assets is another area where additional tools could produce positive results for the Town of Seabrook. Updating and reviewing the capital asset list annually in conjunction with the annual audit would provide a more accurate picture of Seabrook's financial position.

Requests for Information:

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Seabrook's finances for all of the citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors. This financial report seeks to demonstrate the Town's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional information should be addressed to: Town of Seabrook, Finance Department, PO Box 456, Seabrook, NH 03874-0456 or telephone (603) 474-8027.

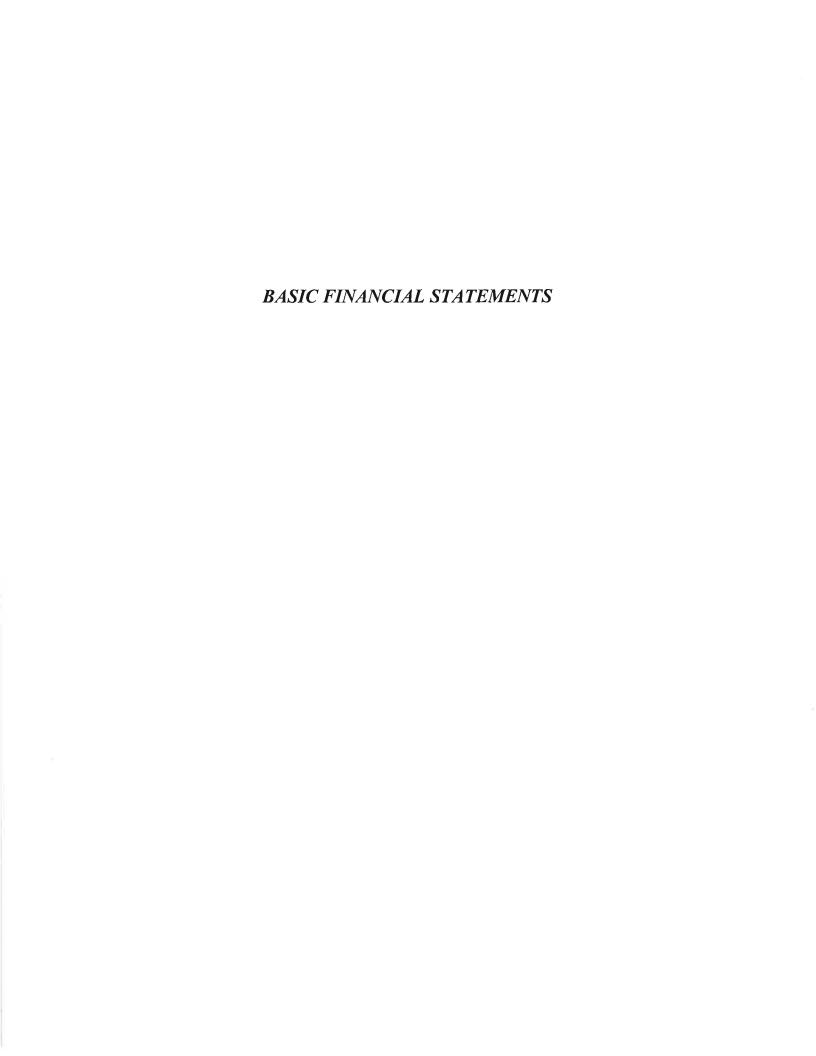


EXHIBIT A TOWN OF SEABROOK, NEW HAMPSHIRE Statement of Net Position December 31, 2022

		Governmental Business-type Activities Activities			Total		
ASSETS	Ф	10 720 003	ď	2 512 509	\$	23,251,601	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	19,739,093	\$	3,512,508	Ф	1,881,502	
Investments		1,881,502		€.		4,151,411	
Taxes receivables (net)		4,151,411		012.459			
Account receivables (net)		454,507		913,458		1,367,965	
Lease receivables		998,030		125 (14		998,030	
Intergovernmental receivable		122,749		135,614		258,363	
Internal balances		919,238		(919,238)		214.012	
Prepaid items		214,013				214,013	
Tax deeded property, subject to resale		20,341		=		20,341	
Capital assets:				co= =1.4		£ 150 002	
Land and construction in progress		4,563,269		607,714		5,170,983	
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		40,541,929	_	9,096,338		49,638,267	
Total assets		73,606,082	_	13,346,394		86,952,476	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Amounts related to pensions		5,740,951		*		5,740,951	
Amounts related to other postemployment benefits		165,902		#		165,902	
Total deferred outflows of resources		5,906,853	_			5,906,853	
LIABILITIES		400.050		141 700		(22.722	
Accounts payable		480,952		141,780		622,732 631,859	
Accrued salaries and benefits		588,793		43,066			
Accrued interest payable		10,309		112,694		123,003	
Intergovernmental payable		9,731,393		-		9,731,393	
Escrow and performance deposits		197		=		197	
Long-term liabilities:				* 10 10=		(02.700	
Due within one year		135,521		548,187		683,708	
Due in more than one year		26,760,361	_	7,924,276	-	34,684,637	
Total liabilities	S	37,707,526		8,770,003		46,477,529	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue		2,234,074		5,770		2,239,844	
Amounts related to pensions		179,212		· ·		179,212	
Amounts related to other postemployment benefits		67,154				67,154	
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,480,440		5,770		2,486,210	
	-		_				
NET POSITION		44 101 564		1 469 001		45 (00 465	
Net investment in capital assets		44,131,564		1,468,901		45,600,465	
Restricted		4,579,844		3,101,720	7,681,564		
Unrestricted	_	(9,386,439)	-		_	(9,386,439)	
Total net position	\$	39,324,969	<u>\$</u>	4,570,621	<u>\$</u>	43,895,590	

EXHIBIT B TOWN OF SEABROOK, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

Program Revenues Net (Expense) Revenue and Charges Operating Capital Change in Net Position Governmental Business-type for Grants and Grants and Activities Total Activities Expenses Services Contributions Contributions Governmental activities: (7,211,617)7,506,162 28,780 \$ 265,765 (7,211,617)General government (11,760,225)12,502,367 732,774 9,368 (11,760,225)Public safety (3,691,979)176,241 97,103 (3,691,979)3,965,323 Highways and streets (1,874,168)(1,874,168)1,984,822 68,919 41,735 Sanitation (153,589)(153,589)153,589 Water distribution and treatment (205,662)(205,662)Health 205,662 (128,534)(128,534)Welfare 134,624 6,090 (1,635,427)(1,635,427)Culture and recreation 1,745,844 110,417 (10,329)(10,329)Conservation 10,329 (26.904)Interest on long-term debt 26,904 (26,904)(26,698,434)97,103 (26,698,434)Total governmental activities 28,235,626 946,980 493,109 Business-type activities: (102,879)135,614 (102,879)1,653,341 1,414,848 Sewer 188,607 188,607 2,167,299 2,355,906 Water 85,728 85,728 3,770,754 135,614 3,820,640 Total business-type activities 97,103 (26,698,434)85,728 (26,612,706)4,717,734 628,723 32,056,266 Total General revenues: Taxes: 22,044,579 22,044,579 Property 93,474 Other 93,474 2,044,801 2,044,801 Motor vehicle permit fees 409,916 409,916 Licenses and other fees 739,833 739,833 Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs 96,199 96,199 Unrestricted investment earnings 855,710 16,265 839,445 Miscellaneous 16,265 26,284,512 26,268,247 Total general revenues 799,350 (799,350)Transfers 25,468,897 815,615 26,284,512 Total general revenues and transfers (1,229,537)901,343 (328, 194)Change in net position 44,223,784 40,554,506 3,669,278 Net position, beginning, as restated (see Note 21) 39,324,969 4,570,621 43,895,590 Net position, ending

EXHIBIT C-1 TOWN OF SEABROOK, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet December 31, 2022

	General	Other Governmental General Funds	
ASSETS	0 12 410 247	e 4110.705	\$ 17.538.952
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,419,247	\$ 4,119,705	\$ 17,538,952 22,111
Investments	5,339	16,772	22,111
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectible:	4 171 411		4,171,411
Taxes	4,171,411 42,518	411,989	454,507
Accounts Lease receivable	998,030	411,707	998,030
	<i>77</i> 0,030	122,749	122,749
Intergovernmental receivable	1,190,541	22,651	1,213,192
Interfund receivable	214,013	22,031	214,013
Prepaid items	20,341)3) -	20,341
Tax deeded property, subject to resale	20,341	-50	20,3 11
Restricted assets:	2 200 141		2,200,141
Cash and cash equivalents	2,200,141 1,859,391		1,859,391
Investments		+ 1.504.055	
Total assets	\$ 24,120,972	\$ 4,693,866	\$ 28,814,838
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 375,571	\$ 105,381	\$ 480,952
Accrued salaries and benefits	587,482	1,311	588,793
Intergovernmental payable	9,731,393	::=:	9,731,393
Interfund payable	2	293,954	293,954
Escrow and performance deposits	197	-	197
Total liabilities	10,694,643	400,646	11,095,289
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	478,301	¥ = :	478,301
Unavailable revenue - state aid	357,740	-	357,740
Unavailable revenue - grants		927,528	927,528
Unavailable revenue - leases	909,356	<u> </u>	909,356
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,745,397	927,528	2,672,925
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable	234,354	10,831	245,185
Restricted	3,104,007	1,465,006	4,569,013
Committed	4,514,949	1,889,855	6,404,804
Assigned	95,664	i e	95,664
Unassigned	3,731,958		3,731,958
Total fund balances	11,680,932	3,365,692	15,046,624
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	y. 		
of resources, and fund balances	\$ 24,120,972	\$ 4,693,866	\$ 28,814,838

EXHIBIT C-2

TOWN OF SEABROOK, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Total fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit C-1)		\$ 15,046,624
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Cost Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 118,081,34 (72,976,14	
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes and net differences between projected and actual earnings and contributions subsequent to the measurement date for the post-retirement benefits (pension and OPEB) are recognized as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources on on the Statement of Net Position.		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	\$ 5,740,95 (179,21 165,90 (67,15	2)
Interfund receivables and payables between governmental funds are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. Receivables	\$ (293,95 293,95	(4)
Payables Property taxes not collected within 60 days of fiscal year-end are not available to pay for current period expenditures, and therefore are deferred in the governmental funds. Deferred property taxes Allowance for uncollectible taxes	\$ 438,85	
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds. Accrued interest payable		(10,309)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Bonds Note Unamortized bond premium Compensated absences Net pension liability Other postemployment benefits	\$ 570,00 324,01 79,61 2,176,35 20,887,72 2,858,17	17 17 52 22
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit A)		\$ 39,324,969

EXHIBIT C-3 TOWN OF SEABROOK, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	General	Other Governmental General Funds	
REVENUES		, 	
Taxes	\$ 22,151,052	\$	\$ 22,151,052
Licenses and permits	2,393,555	61,162	2,454,717
Intergovernmental	1,328,931	166,484	1,495,415
Charges for services	131,595	831,511	963,106
Miscellaneous	632,649	121,499	754,148
Total revenues	26,637,782	1,180,656	27,818,438
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General government	7,378,784	4,515	7,383,299
Public safety	11,078,714	386,411	11,465,125
Highways and streets	1,452,243	25,646	1,477,889
Water distribution and treatment	132,656	-	132,656
Sanitation	1,544,908	107,727	1,652,635
Health	205,662	(iii)	205,662
Welfare	136,086	1 20	136,086
Culture and recreation	1,553,306	60,996	1,614,302
Conservation	1,337	₩.	1,337
Debt service:			
Principal	31,500	: . 8	31,500
Interest	31,618	1,016	32,634
Capital outlay	2,043,686	114,135	2,157,821
Total expenditures	25,590,500	700,446	26,290,946
Excess of revenues over expenditures	1,047,282	480,210	1,527,492
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	948,490		948,490
Transfers out	(799,350)	(948,490)	(1,747,840)
Total other financing sources (uses)	149,140	(948,490)	(799,350)
Net change in fund balances	1,196,422	(468,280)	728,142
Fund balances, beginning, as restated (see Note 21)	10,484,510	3,833,972	14,318,482
Fund balances, ending	\$ 11,680,932	\$ 3,365,692	\$ 15,046,624

EXHIBIT C-4

TOWN OF SEABROOK, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

Net change in fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit C-3)			\$ 728,142
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. Depreciation expense exceeded capital outlay expenditure in the current year, as follows:			
Capitalized capital outlay		1,703,763	
Depreciation expense	8	(2,591,863)	(888,100)
Transfers in and out between governmental funds are eliminated on the Statement of Activities.	ø	(0.49, 400)	(600,100)
Transfers in Transfers out	\$	(948,490) 948,490	
Transicis out	-	7.04	5 5 2
Revenue in the Statement of Activities that does not provide current financial resources is not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.			
Change in deferred tax revenue			(12,999)
Proceeds from issuing long-term liabilities provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.			
Repayment of bond principal	\$	31,500	
Repayment of note payable		97,996 4,190	
Amortization of bond premium		4,190	133,686
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Decrease in accrued interest expense	\$	1,540	
Increase in compensated absences		(410,758)	
Net change in net pension liability and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions Net change in net other postemployment benefits liability and deferred		(619,275)	
outflows and inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits		(161,773)	
			 (1,190,266)
Changes in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit B)			 (1,229,537)

EXHIBIT D

TOWN OF SEABROOK, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Dudgeted	Amounts		Variance Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES	Original			(Troguitio)
Taxes	\$ 21,802,789	\$ 21,802,789	\$ 22,138,053	\$ 335,264
Licenses and permits	2,251,025	2,251,025	2,393,555	142,530
Intergovernmental receivable	966,760	1,329,617	1,328,931	(686)
Charges for services	85,325	85,325	131,595	46,270
Miscellaneous	338,850	338,850	589,173	250,323
Total revenues	25,444,749	25,807,606	26,581,307	773,701
EXPENDITURES	9			
Current:				
General government	4,149,289	7,614,842	7,207,786	407,056
Public safety	13,173,121	11,080,799	11,047,995	32,804
Highways and streets	1,815,926	1,438,155	1,421,388	16,767
Water distribution and treatment	140,000	140,000	132,656	7,344
Sanitation	1,751,968	1,409,122	1,553,139	(144,017
Health	299,567	242,135	205,378	36,757
Welfare	263,468	211,478	137,163	74,315
Culture and recreation	1,838,828	1,658,493	1,584,589	73,904
Conservation	3,618	3,618	(409)	4,027
Debt service:				
Principal	516,518	31,500	31,500	3. 5
Interest	339,806	339,806	31,618	308,188
Capital outlay	874,000	874,000	2,043,686	(1,169,686
Total expenditures	25,166,109	25,043,948	25,396,489	(352,541
Excess of revenues over expenditures	278,640	763,658	1,184,818	421,160
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	415,400	415,400	1,627,688	1,212,288
Transfers out	(694,040)	(1,179,058)	(799,350)	379,708
Total other financing sources (uses)	(278,640)	(763,658)	828,338	1,591,996
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	2,013,156	\$ 2,013,156
Decrease in nonspendable fund balance	7		9,263	
Increase in restricted fund balance			(860,488)	
Decrease in committed fund balance			480,076	
Unassigned fund balance, beginning, as restated	(see Note 21)		2,420,128	
Unassigned fund balance, ending	•		\$ 4,062,135	

EXHIBIT E-1 TOWN OF SEABROOK, NEW HAMPSIRE

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position December 31, 2022

	Business-type Activities			
	Enterpri	Total		
	Water	Sewer	Enterprise Funds	
ASSETS	\ 			
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,340,666	\$ 2,171,842	\$ 3,512,508	
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectible:				
Accounts receivable	570,163	343,295	913,458	
Intergovernmental receivable	-	135,614	135,614	
Internal balances	96,436	72,746	169,182	
Capital assets:				
Land and construction in progress	0;€:	607,714	607,714	
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	8,703,370	392,968	9,096,338	
Total assets	10,710,635	3,724,179	14,434,814	
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	43,706	98,074	141,780	
Accrued salaries and benefits	20,791	22,275	43,066	
Accrued interest payable	112,377	317	112,694	
Internal balances	¥	1,088,420	1,088,420	
Long term liabilities:				
Due within one year	528,432	19,755	548,187	
Due in more than one year	7,830,642	93,634	7,924,276	
Total liabilities	8,535,948	1,322,475	9,858,423	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue - overpayments	3,478	2,292	5,770	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	487,974	980,927	1,468,901	
Restricted	1,683,235	1,418,485	3,101,720	
Total net position	\$ 2,171,209	\$ 2,399,412	\$ 4,570,621	

EXHIBIT E-2 TOWN OF SEABROOK, NEW HAMPSIRE

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Business-type Activities			
	Enterprise Funds		Total	
	Water	Sewer	Enterprise Funds	
Operating revenues:				
User charges	\$ 2,355,906	\$ 1,414,848	\$ 3,770,754	
Miscellaneous	16,112	153	16,265	
Total operating revenues	2,372,018	1,415,001	3,787,019	
Operating expenses:				
Salaries and wages	955,680	1,087,809	2,043,489	
Operation and maintenance	337,302	279,433	616,735	
Contractual services	57,826	76,535	134,361	
Materials and supplies	189,485	177,740	367,225	
Depreciation	330,108	31,824	361,932	
Total operating expenses	1,870,401	1,653,341	3,523,742	
Operating gain (loss)	501,617	(238,340)	263,277	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Intergovernmental revenues	*	135,614	135,614	
Interest expense	(296,898)		(296,898)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(296,898)	135,614	(161,284)	
Other financing sources:				
Transfers in	799,350	-	799,350	
Change in net position	1,004,069	(102,726)	901,343	
Net position, beginning as restated (see Note 21)	1,167,140_	2,502,138	3,669,278	
Net position, ending	\$ 2,171,209	\$ 2,399,412	\$ 4,570,621	

EXHIBIT E-3 TOWN OF SEABROOK, NEW HAMPSIRE

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Fiscal Year ended December 31, 2022

	Business-type Activities			
	Enterprise Funds		Total	
	Water	Sewer	Enterprise Funds	
Cash flows from operating activities:	8:		=======================================	
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 2,333,341	\$ 1,260,342	\$ 3,593,683	
Payments to employees	(992,860)	(266,926)	(1,259,786)	
Payments to suppliers	(303,649)	(525,327)	(828,976)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,036,832	468,089	1,504,921	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Principal paid on bonds	(485,018)	(18,842)	(503,860)	
Acquisition and construction of fixed assets	(296,614)	(693,019)	(989,633)	
Interest paid	(214,521)	=	(214,521)	
Intergovernmental	<u> </u>	135,614_	135,614	
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	(996,153)	(576,247)	(1,572,400)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash	40,679	(108,158)	(67,479)	
Cash, beginning	1,299,987	2,280,000	3,579,987	
Cash, ending	\$ 1,340,666	\$ 2,171,842	\$ 3,512,508	
Reconciliation of Operating Gain (Loss) to Ne	t Cash Provided by C	perating Activities	s	
Operating gain (loss)	\$ 501,617	\$ (238,340)	\$ 263,277	
Adjustments to reconcile operating gain to net				
cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation expense	330,108	31,824	361,932	
Changes in other receivables	(38,677)	(154,659)	(193,336)	
Changes in prepaid expenses	22,775	19,380	42,155	
Changes in accounts payable	(19,993)	(10,184)	(30,177)	
Changes in accrued payroll	(8,138)	(2,130)	(10,268)	
Changes in internal balances	278,714	826,893	1,105,607	
Changes in compensated absences payable	(29,042)	(3,880)	(32,922)	
Changes in deferred inflows of resources	(532)	(815)	(1,347)	
Total adjustments	535,215	706,429	1,241,644	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,036,832	\$ 468,089	\$ 1,504,921	

EXHIBIT F-1 TOWN OF SEABROOK, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Fiduciary Funds

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position December 31, 2022

	Private	All	
	Purpose	Custodial	
	Trust Funds	Funds	Total
ASSETS	,		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 64,925	\$ 1,172,388	\$ 1,237,313
Investments	1,346,207	481,174	1,827,381
Intergovernmental receivable		9,426,936	9,426,936
Total assets	1,411,132	11,080,498	12,491,630
LIABILITIES			
Due to school district	*	9,426,936	9,426,936
NET POSITION			
Restricted	\$ 1,411,132	\$ 1,653,562	\$ 3,064,694

EXHIBIT F-2 TOWN OF SEABROOK, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Fiduciary Funds

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	1	Private Purpose ust Funds	Cus	All stodial unds		Total
ADDITIONS						
Contributions	\$	166,586	\$	(*)	\$	166,586
Investment earnings		41,828		7,821		49,649
Change in fair market value		(287,996)		3.43		(287,996)
Tax collections for other governments		¥:	23,	255,671	2	3,255,671
State fees collected		2		700,811		700,811
Total additions	=	(79,582)	23,	964,303	2	3,884,721
DEDUCTIONS						
Scholarships		61,507		46,567		108,074
Payments of taxes to other governments		5	23,	255,671	2	3,255,671
Payments of State fees		π:		700,811		700,811
Total deductions		61,507	24,	003,049	2	4,064,556
Change in net position		(141,089)		(38,746)		(179,835)
Net position, beginning, as restated (see Note 21)		1,552,221	1,	692,308		3,244,529
Net position, ending	\$	1,411,132	\$ 1,	653,562	\$	3,064,694

TOWN OF SEABROOK, NEW HAMPSHIRE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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TOWN OF SEABROOK, NEW HAMPSHIRE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of Seabrook, New Hampshire (the Town), have been prepared in conformity with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

The more significant of the Town's accounting policies are described below.

1-A Reporting Entity

The Town of Seabrook is a municipal corporation governed by an elected three-member Board of Selectmen and Town Manager. In evaluating how to define the Town for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity is made by applying the criteria set forth by the GASB. The Town has no component units to include in its reporting entity.

1-B Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accounts of the Town are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Town's government-wide financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements present summaries of governmental and business-type activities for the Town accompanied by a total column. Fiduciary activities of the Town are not included in these statements.

These statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the Town's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, including capital assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The types of transactions reported as program revenues for the Town are reported in three categories: 1) charges for services, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions.

Certain eliminations have been made to interfund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated, except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – Include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and nonmajor funds aggregated. An accompanying statement is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balances and changes in fund balances as presented in these statements to the net position and changes in net position presented in the government-wide financial statements. The Town has presented all major funds that met those qualifications.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the *modified accrual basis* of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town generally considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, with the exception of reimbursement-based grants, which use a period of one year. Property taxes, licenses, and permits, intergovernmental revenue, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund — is the Town's primary operating fund. The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources include property taxes, State grants and motor vehicle permit fees. The primary expenditures are for general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, culture and recreation, debt service and capital outlay. Under GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, guidance the library, escrow, and expendable trust funds are consolidated in the general fund.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds – are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Projects Funds – are used to account for the financial resources and activities relating to specific construction projects.

Permanent Fund – is used to record activity of legal trusts for which the interest on the corpus provides funds for the Town's cemetery operations.

All the governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements. The Town reports eleven nonmajor governmental funds.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements – Include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and for the non-major funds aggregated.

Proprietary funds are reported using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities (whether current or noncurrent), and deferred inflows of resources are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

The Town reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund – accounts for the activities related to the operation of the water treatment plant, wells, and water system.

Sewer Fund – accounts for the activities related to the operation of the sewer treatment plant, pumping station, and sewer lines.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements – Include a Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The Town's fiduciary funds are private purpose trust and custodial funds, which are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. These funds are accounted for on a spending, or "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as are the proprietary funds explained above.

The Town also reports the following fiduciary funds:

Private Purpose Trust Fund – are used to report trust arrangements, other than pension and investment trusts, under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Custodial Fund – are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of operating results. A custodial fund is used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments.

1-C Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Deposits with financial institutions consist primarily of demand deposits, , and savings accounts. A cash pool is maintained that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is reflected on the combined financial statements under the caption "cash and cash equivalents."

The treasurer is required to deposit such moneys in solvent banks in state or the Public Deposit Investment Pool pursuant to New Hampshire RSA 383:22. Funds may be deposited in banks outside of the state if such banks pledge and deliver to a third party custodial bank or the Federal Reserve Bank, collateral security for such deposits, United States government or government agency obligations or obligations to the State of New Hampshire in value at least equal to the amount of the deposit in each case.

1-D Restricted Assets

Certain Town assets are classified as restricted assets because their use is restricted by statutory limitation, bond covenants and/or they are earmarked for a specific purpose such as developer's cash deposits.

1-E Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the Town considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity when purchased of three months or less and all local government investment pools to be cash equivalents.

1-F Investments

State statutes place certain limitations on the nature of deposits and investments available as follows:

New Hampshire law authorizes the Town to invest in the following type of obligations:

- · Obligations of the United States government,
- The public deposit investment pool established pursuant to RSA 383:22,
- Savings bank deposits,
- Certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements of banks incorporated under the laws of the State of New Hampshire or in banks recognized by the State treasurer.

Any person who directly or indirectly receives any such funds or moneys for deposit or for investment in securities of any kind shall, prior to acceptance of such funds, make available at the time of such deposit or investment an option to have such funds secured by collateral having a value at least equal to the amount of such funds. Such collateral shall be segregated for the exclusive benefit of the Town. Only securities defined by the bank commissioner as provided by rules adopted pursuant to RSA 386:57 shall be eligible to be pledged as collateral.

Fair Value Measurements of Investments – In accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, except for investments measured using net asset value (NAV) as a practical expedient to estimate fair value, the Town categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments within the fair value hierarchy established by US GAAP. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used for fair value measurement into three levels as follows:

Level 1 – Inputs reflect quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Town has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 2 – Inputs are other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities, either directly or indirectly, including inputs in markets that are not considered to be active. Because they most often are priced on the basis of transactions involving similar but not identical securities or do not trade with sufficient frequency.

Level 3 – Inputs are significant unobservable inputs, using assumptions in determining the fair value of investments and derivative instruments.

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs. In certain instances where the determination of the fair value measurement is based on inputs from different levels of the fair value hierarchy, is the level in the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Investments are reported at fair value. If an investment is held directly by the Town and an active market with quoted prices exists, such as for domestic equity securities, the market price of an identical security is used to report fair value and is classified in Level 1. Corporate fixed income securities and certain governmental securities utilize pricing that may involve estimation using similar securities or trade dates and are classified in Level 2. Fair values for shares in registered mutual funds and exchange-traded funds are based on published share prices and classified in Level 1.

In determining fair value, the Town utilizes valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs to the extent possible.

Investments in Certain External Investment Pools – In accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, the Town held investments with the New Hampshire Public Deposit Investment Pool (NHPDIP). The NHPDIP measures all of its investments at amortized cost. There are no redemption restrictions and shares may be redeemed by the Town in accordance with the NHPDIP's Information Statement.

1-G Receivables

Receivables recorded in the financial statements represent amounts due to the Town at December 31. They are aggregated into a single accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles) line for certain funds and aggregated columns. They consist

1-H Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. The non spendable fund balance at the governmental fund level includes the prepaid balance.

1-I Capital Assets

Capital assets include property, plant, and equipment, infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), and intangible assets (i.e, easements) which are reported in the applicable government wide and proprietary financial statements. The accounting and reporting treatment applied to capital assets associated with a fund are determined by the fund's measurement focus. General capital assets are recorded as expenditures in a governmental fund and capitalized as assets in the government -wide and proprietary statement of net position.

Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Purchased or constructed assets are recorded at actual cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost is unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation, if received on or before June 15, 2015. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. The Town has established a threshold of \$10,000 or more and an estimate useful life in excess of one years for capitalization of depreciable assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets as applicable:

Capital assets of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Capital Asset Classes:	
Land improvements	20-50
Buildings and building improvements	20-50
Equipment and vehicles	3-20
Infrastructure	20-100

1-J Interfund Activities

Interfund activities are reported as follows:

Interfund Receivables and Payables – Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

Interfund Transfers – Interfund transfers represent flows of assets without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment. In governmental funds, transfers are reported as other financing uses in the funds making the transfers and other financing sources in the funds receiving the transfers. In proprietary funds, transfers are reported after nonoperating revenues and expenses. In the government-wide financial statements, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

1-K Property Taxes

Property tax billings occur semi-annually and are based on the assessed inventory values as of April 1 of each year. Warrants for the year were issued on May 13, 2022 and December 1, 2022 and due on July 1, 2022 and January 6, 2023. For any regular property taxes issued, the interest accrues at a rate of 8% on bills outstanding after the due date and 14% on tax liens outstanding.

Property tax receivables are recognized on the levy or lien date, which is the date the tax warrant is issued. Current year property tax receivables represent taxes levied but not remitted to the Town at December 31, 2022 and unpaid taxes. The succeeding year property tax receivable represent taxes certified by the Town to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable have been recorded, the related revenue is reported as a deferred inflow of resources in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

In connection with the setting of the tax rate, Town officials with the approval of the Department of Revenue Administration, establish and raise through taxation an amount for tax abatement and refunds, known as overlay. This amount is reported as a reduction in tax revenue and is adjusted by management for any reserve for uncollectable at year-end. The property taxes collected by the Town include taxes levied for the State of New Hampshire, Seabrook School District, Winnacunnet Cooperative School District, and Rockingham County, which are remitted to these entities as required by law.

The Town net assessed valuation as of April 1, 2022 utilized in the setting of the tax rate was as follows:

Total assessment valuation with utilities	\$ 3,586,283,600
Total assessment valuation without utilities	\$ 2,149,881,650

The tax rates and amounts assessed for the year ended December 31, 2022 were as follows:

	Per \$1,000	Property
	of Assessed	Taxes
	Valuation	Assessed
Municipal portion	\$6.31	\$ 22,639,453
School portion:		
State of New Hampshire	\$1.13	2,418,784
Local	\$5.13	18,408,152
County portion	\$0.68	2,428,735
Total	\$13.25	\$ 45,895,124

1-L Accounts Payable

Accounts payable represent the gross amount of expenditures or expenses incurred as a result of normal operations, but for which no actual payment has yet been issued to vendors/providers as of December 31, 2022.

1-M Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources, a separate financial statement element, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and thus will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses) until then. The Town has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. Deferred outflows related to pensions and deferred outflows related to OPEB are reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position for various estimate differences that will be amortized and recognized over future years.

Deferred inflows of resources, a separate financial statement element, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. The Town has three types of items which qualify for reporting in this category. Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position for various estimate differences that will be amortized and recognized over future years. In addition, unavailable revenues from grants arises when the related eligible expenditures will not be made until the subsequent period.

1-N Compensated Absences

General leave for the Town includes vacation, sick, and retirement stipend pay. General leave is based on an employee's length of employment and is earned ratably during the span of employment. Upon retirement or termination, employees are paid full value for any accrued general leave earned as set forth by the Town's personnel policy.

Vested or accumulated general leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated general leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available resources are maintained separately and represent a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

1-O Leases

The Town is a lessor for a noncancellable lease of with T-Mobile and Verizon. The Town recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the Town initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the Town determines (1) lease term, and (2) lease receipts.

• The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The Town monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

1-P Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses, issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Director Borrowings and Direct Placements, the Town utilizes the following classifications to categorize the financial transactions:

Direct Borrowings – financial transaction for a note or a loan where the Town negotiates certain terms with a single lender and are not offered for public sale.

Direct Placements – financial transactions for the sale of bonds where the Town engages with a single buyer or limited number of buyers without a public offering.

1-Q Defined Benefit Pension Plan

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date and GASB Statement No. 82 Pension Issues – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 67, No. 68 and No. 73 requires participating employers to recognize their proportionate share of collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense, and schedules have been prepared to provide employers with their calculated proportionate share of these amounts. The collective amounts have been allocated based on employer contributions during the respective fiscal years. Contributions from employers are recognized when legally due, based on statutory requirements.

The schedules prepared by New Hampshire Retirement System, and audited by the plan's independent auditors, require management to make a number of estimates and assumptions related to the reported amounts. Due to the inherent nature and uncertainty of these estimates, actual results could differ, and the differences may be material.

1-R Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

The Town maintains two separate other postemployment benefit plans, as follows:

New Hampshire Retirement System Plan – For the purposes of measuring the total other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New Hampshire Retirement System OPEB Plan (the plan) and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the New Hampshire Retirement System. For this purpose, the plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except money market investments and participating interest earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Single Employer Plan – For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information has been determined based on the Town's actuarial report. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms.

1-S Net Position/Fund Balances

Government-wide Statements - Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets

Restricted net position – Results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by a third party (statutory, bond covenant, or granting agency) or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Town typically uses restricted assets first, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively defer the use until a further project.

Unrestricted net position – Consists of net position not meeting the definition of the preceding categories. Unrestricted net position is often subject to constraints imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

Fund Balance Classifications – GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make sure the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances are more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable – Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (such as prepaid items, inventory, or tax deeded property subject to resale); or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the legislative body (Town Meeting). These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the legislative body removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts that are constrained by the Town's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Board of Selectmen through the budgetary process.

Unassigned – Amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund. The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by the offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts.

When multiple net position/fund balance classifications are available for use, it is the government's policy to utilize the most restricted balances first, then the next most restricted balance as needed. When components of unrestricted fund balance are used, committed fund balance is depleted first followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

The Town's fund balance policy indicates that the Town will strive to maintain a level of fund balance between 5% and 17 % of total annual budget plus school and county appropriations.

1-T Use of Estimates

The financial statements and related disclosures are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenues and expenses/expenditures during the period reported. These estimates include assessing the collectability of receivables, and the useful lives and impairment of tangible and intangible capital assets, net pension liability, other postemployment benefit liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to both pension and other postemployment benefits, among others. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically, and the effects of revisions are reflected in the financial statements in the period they are determined to be necessary. Actual results could differ from estimates.

1-U Material Change in Fund Classification

The accompanying financial statements reflect a change in classification from the prior year. Specifically, the water and sewer funds, previously blended with the general fund, will be reported as proprietary funds for the year ended December 31, 2022. See Note 21 for the adjustments to beginning fund balance.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

2-A Budgetary Information

General governmental revenues and expenditures accounted for in budgetary funds are controlled by a formal integrated budgetary accounting system in accordance with various legal requirements which govern the Town's operations. At its annual meeting, the Town adopts a budget for the current year for the general fund. Except as reconciled below, the budget was adopted on a basis consistent with US generally accepted accounting principles.

Management may transfer appropriations between operating categories as deemed necessary, but expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations in total. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and continuing appropriations (certain projects and specific items not fully expended at year-end) are recognized, is employed in the governmental funds. Encumbrances are not the equivalent of expenditures, and are therefore, reported as part of the assigned fund balance at year-end, and are carried forward to supplement appropriations of the subsequent year.

State statutes require balanced budgets but provide for the use of beginning unassigned fund balance to achieve that end. For the fiscal year 2022, none of the beginning general fund unassigned fund balance was applied for this purpose.

2-B Budgetary Reconciliation to GAAP Basis

While the Town reports financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual is presented for major governmental fund which had a budget. Differences between the budgetary basis and GAAP basis of accounting for the general fund are as follows:

Revenues and other financing sources:		
Per Exhibit D (budgetary basis)	\$	28,208,995
Adjustments:		
Basis differences:		
GASB Statement No. 54:		
To record income of the blended funds		43,476
To eliminate transfers between blended expendable trust and general funds		(679,198)
Change in deferred tax revenue relating to 60-day revenue recognition		
recognized as revenue on the GAAP basis, but not on the budgetary basis	_	12,999
Per Exhibit C-3 (GAAP basis)	\$	27,586,272
Expenditures and other financing uses:		
Per Exhibit D (budgetary basis)	\$	26,195,839
Adjustments:		
Basis differences:		
Encumbrances, beginning		134,000
Encumbrances, ending		(95,664)
GASB Statement No. 54:		
To record expenditures of the blended funds during the year		155,675
To eliminate transfers between general and blended expendable trust funds		(679,198)
To recognize transfers out of the blended expendable trust funds	_	679,198
Per Exhibit C-3 (GAAP basis)	\$	26,389,850

2-C Accounting Change

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, Leases, was implemented during fiscal year 2022. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. Beginning net position/fund balance was restated to retroactively report the change in accounting principle, see Note 13, Leases, for further information.

DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

NOTE 3 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At December 31, 2022, the reported amount of the Town's deposits was \$24,488,914 and the bank balance was \$24,379,779. Of the bank balance \$765,257 was covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the pledging bank or pledging bank's trust department in the Town's name. As of August 1, 2021, the State of NH RSA 41:29 was amended, which made changes to the collateral requirements for out of state banks. The town has significant balances in and out of state bank totaling \$1,106,052, which no longer meet the requirement for RSA 41:29.

Cash and cash equivalents reconciliation:

Cash per Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A)	\$ 23,251,601
Cash per Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Fund (Exhibit F-1)	1,237,313
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 24,488,914

Custodial Credit Risk – The Town's repurchase agreements are all with banking institutions; therefore, are subject to custodial credit risk. The custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be recovered.

Interest Rate Risk – The term repurchase agreements are also subject to interest rate risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the value of the Town's investments.

NOTE 4 – RESTRICTED ASSETS

Cash and investments are classified as restricted for the following purposes:

Cash and cash equivalents:		
General fund:		
Library	\$	614,942
Expendable trust funds		13,831
Escrow accounts		1,571,368
Total restricted cash and cash equivalents		2,200,141
Investments:		
General fund:		
Expendable trust funds	_	1,859,391
Total restricted assets	\$	4,059,532

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 5 – INVESTMENTS

Note 1-E describes statutory requirements covering the investment of the Town funds. The Town holds investments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Because investing is not a core part of the Town's mission, the Town determines that the disclosures related to these investments only need to be disaggregated by major type. The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements and maturities as of December 31, 2022:

	Valuation Measurement Method	Reported Balance
Investments type:		
Equity exchange traded funds	Level 1	\$ 432,999
Equity mutual funds	Level 1	428,893
Fixed income mutual funds	Level 1	2,841,652
Total fair value		3,703,544
Investments carried at amortized cost:		
New Hampshire Public Deposit Investment Pool		5,339
Total invesments		\$ 3,708,883

Interest Rate Risk – This is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Custodial Credit Risk – This is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker/dealer) to honor a transaction, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have custodial credit risk policies for investments.

Investment reconciliation:

Investments per Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A)	\$ 1,881,502
Investments per Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Fund (Exhibit F-1)	1,827,381
Total investments	\$ 3,708,883

NOTE 6 – TAXES RECEIVABLE

Taxes receivable represent the amount of current and prior year taxes which have not been collected as of December 31, 2022. The amount has been reduced by an allowance for an estimated uncollectible amount of \$20,000. Taxes receivable by year are as follows:

As reported on:				
Exhibit A	Exhibit C-1			
\$ 3,761,344	\$ 3,761,344			
205,564	205,564			
120,968	120,968			
83,535	83,535			
(20,000) *				
\$ 4,151,411	\$ 4,171,411			
	Exhibit A \$ 3,761,344 205,564 120,968 83,535 (20,000) *			

^{*}The allowance for uncollectible property taxes is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting (Exhibit C-1 and C-3) due to the 60-day rule as explained in Note 1-B. However, the allowance is recognized under the full accrual basis of accounting (Exhibits A and B).

NOTE 7 - OTHER RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2022, consisted of accounts (billings for police details, water, sewer, ambulance, and other user charges) and intergovernmental amounts arising from grants. Receivables are recorded on the Town's financial statements to the extent that the amounts are determined to be material and substantiated not only by supporting documentation, but also by a reasonable, systematic method of determining their existence, completeness, valuation, and collectability.

Receivables as of December 31, 2022 for the Town's proprietary funds, individual governmental major fund and nonmajor funds in the aggregate including applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

	Go	Governmental		Business-type Gov		Business-type		Governmental Funds				Fiduciary
	F	Activities		Activities		General	N	lonmajor	_	Funds		
Receivables:							-					
Accounts	\$	733,754	\$	913,458	\$	42,518	\$	691,236	\$	24		
Intergovernmental		122,749		135,614		<u> </u>		122,749		9,426,936		
Gross receivables		856,503		1,049,072		42,518		813,985		9,426,936		
Less: allowance for uncollectibles		(279,247)				<u> </u>		(279,247)		1945		
Net total receivables	\$	577,256	\$	1,049,072	\$	42,518	\$	534,738	\$	9,426,936		

Fiduciary Funds – Intergovernmental receivables represent property taxes collected on behalf of the Winnacunnet Cooperative and Seabrook School Districts. These amounts are collected and are part of the Town's general fund cash at year-end. The general fund reports an offsetting intergovernmental payable for this amount at year-end.

NOTE 8 - PREPAID ITEMS

Prepaid items at December 31, 2022 consisted of the following:

	General		
	Fund		
Gas and diesel	\$ 161,306		
Miscellaneous	52,707		
Total	\$ 214,013		

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 is as follows:

Governmental activities:	Balance, beginning (as restated)	Additions	Deletions	Balance, ending
At cost:				
Not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 3,847,749	\$ 434,352	\$	\$ 4,282,101
Construction in progress	843,434	115,151	(677,417)	281,168
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,691,183	549,503	(677,417)	4,563,269
Being depreciated:				
Land improvements	1,369,272	526,608	(#3)	1,895,880
Buildings and building improvements	25,069,061	14,850	\$, €2	25,083,911
Equipment and vehicles	10,425,561	1,290,219	(38,332)	11,677,448
Infrastructure	74,860,836		<u></u>	74,860,836
Total capital assets being depreciated	111,724,730	1,831,677	(38,332)	113,518,075
Total all capital assets	116,415,913	2,381,180	(715,749)	118,081,344
•				(Continued)

Capital	assets	continued:
---------	--------	------------

Capsul access commen	Balance, beginning (as restated)	Additions	Deletions	Balance, ending
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(811,933)	(41,196)	<u> </u>	(853,129)
Buildings and building improvements	(14,683,199)	(553,573)	- 7	(15,236,772)
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	(8,054,239)	(497,796)	38,332	(8,513,703)
Infrastructure	(46,873,244)	(1,499,298)		(48,372,542)
Total accumulated depreciation	(70,422,615)	(2,591,863)	38,332	(72,976,146)
Net book value, capital assets being depreciated	41,302,115	(760,186)		40,541,929
Net book value, all governmental activities capital assets	\$ 45,993,298	\$ (210,683)	\$ (677,417)	\$ 45,105,198
Business-type activities:				
At cost:				
Not being depreciated:				
Construction in progress	\$ -	\$ 607,714	\$ -	\$ 607,714
Being depreciated:				
Land improvements	207,032	€	-	207,032
Buildings and building improvements	16,102,457		1	16,102,457
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	717,947	85,305	.=	803,252
Infrastructure	127,457	296,614		424,071
Total capital assets being depreciated	17,154,893	381,919	()	17,536,812
Total all capital assets	17,154,893	989,633	-	18,144,526
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(9,373)	(13,475)		(22,848)
Buildings and building improvements	(7,528,516)	(302,838)	100	(7,831,354)
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	(538,138)	(33,894)	188	(572,032)
Infrastructure	(2,515)	(11,725)		(14,240)
Total accumulated depreciation	(8,078,542)	(361,932)		(8,440,474)
Net book value, capital assets being depreciated	9,076,351	19,987	(a)	9,096,338
Net book value, all business-type activities capital assets	\$ 9,076,351	\$ 627,701	\$ -	\$ 9,704,052

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the Town based on their usage of the related assets. The amounts allocated to each function are as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	111,441
Public safety		380,671
Highways and streets		1,609,206
Sanitation		332,187
Water treatment		20,933
Culture and recreation		128,433
Conservation		8,992
Total depreciation expense	\$	2,591,863
Business-type activities:		
Water	\$	330,108
Sewer		31,824
Total depreciation expense	\$	361,932
	_	

NOTE 10 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Balances - The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2022 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General	Nonmajor	\$ 271,303
General	Sewer	919,238
Nonmajor	Nonmajor	22,651
•	-	\$ 1,213,192

The outstanding balances among funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Interfund Transfers - The composition of interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2022 is as follows:

		Transfers In:									
21	Go	vernmental									
		Fund		Fund							
		General		Water		Total					
Transfers out:											
General fund	\$	•	\$	799,350	\$	799,350					
Nonmajor funds		948,490				948,490					
Total	\$	948,490	\$	799,350	\$	1,747,840					
	_										

During the year, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund with collection authority to the fund responsible for expenditure and (2) move general fund resources to provide an annual subsidy.

NOTE 11 – INTERGOVERNMENTAL PAYABLES

Amounts due to other governments at December 31, 2022 consist of:

	 nmental	_	eneral Fund	Fidciary Funds		
Property taxes due to the Winnicunnet Cooperative School District	\$ 70	\$	*	\$	3,307,659 3	
Property taxes due to the Seabrook School District Fees due to the State of New Hampshire	304,457		304,457		6,119,277 ³	
Property taxes due to the custodial funds Total intergovernmental payables due	 426,936 ² 731,393		,426,936 ,731,393	\$	9,426,936	

Property taxes due to the custodial funds represent amounts collected by the Town on behalf of Winnacunnet Cooperative and Seabrook School Districts and are reported as a component of general fund cash at year-end.

NOTE 12 – DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred outflows of resources of at December 31, 2022 consist of amounts related to pensions totaling \$5,740,951 and amounts related to OPEB totaling \$165,902. For further discussion on these amounts, see Note 16 and 17, respectively.

Property taxes due to the Winnacunnet Cooperative and Seabrook School Districts represent amounts collected by the Town that will be paid to the School District in incremental payments based upon an agreed schedule in the next calendar year.

Deferred inflows of resources are as follows:

	Exhi	bit A	_Ex	thibit C-1
Governmental activities:	2			
Property taxes levied prior to their due date	\$	-	\$	438,851
Property taxes collected in advance		39,450		39,450
Deferred state aid	3	57,740		357,740
Leases (also see Note 13)	9	09,356		909,356
Unspent American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) grant funds	9	25,666		925,666
Other		1,862		1,862
Amounts related to pensions (see Note 16)	1	79,212		
Amounts related to other postemployment benefits (see Note 17)		67,154		
Total governmental activities	\$ 2,4	80,440	\$	2,672,925
			_	

NOTE 13 - LEASES

The Town recognized \$88,674 in lease revenue. As of December 31, 2022, the Town's receivable for lease payments was \$998,030. Also, the Town has a deferred inflow of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term. As of December 31, 2022, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$909,356.

The Town had the following lease receivables as of December 31, 2022:

	Initial				Rec	eivable at
A	Annual	Issue	Yearly	Maturity	Dec	cember 31,
	Amount	Date	Increase	Date		2022
	*	(a	-			
\$	35,000	2014	3%	2029	\$	349,922
\$	35,000	2014	3%	2035		648,108
					\$	998,030
	\$	Annual Amount \$ 35,000	Annual Issue Date \$ 35,000 2014	Annual Issue Yearly Amount Date Increase \$ 35,000 2014 3%	Annual Issue Yearly Maturity Amount Date Increase Date \$ 35,000 2014 3% 2029	Annual Issue Yearly Maturity Dec Increase Date \$ 35,000 2014 3% 2029 \$

The annual requirements to amortize all lease receivables outstanding as of December 31, 2022, including interest payments are as follows:

Total
\$ 91,334
94,074
96,896
99,803
102,798
328,953
184,172
\$ 998,030
\$

NOTE 14 – SHORT-TERM DEBT

Changes in the Town's short-term operational borrowing during the year ended December 31, 2022 consisted of the following:

	Original	Interest	Balance			Balance
Governmental Activities	Issue	Rate	January 1, 2022	Additions	Deletions	December 31, 2022
Tax anticipation Note	\$ 2,000,000	6.80%	\$ -	\$ 2,000,000	\$ (2,000,000)	\$ -

The purpose of the short-term borrowing was to provide interim financing of general fund operations. The Town paid \$10,145 in interest on the short-term debt during the year.

NOTE 15 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in the Town's long-term liabilities consisted of the following for the year ended December 31, 2022:

		Balance										
		January 1,						Balance			_	
		2022				December 31,			ue Within	Due In More		
	(2	as restated)	Additions		Reductions		2022			ne Year	Th	an One Year
Governmental activities:												
Bonds payable:												
Direct placement	\$	601,500	\$	76	\$	(31,500)	\$	570,000	\$	30,000	\$	540,000
Note payable - direct borrowing		422,013		7.2		(97,996)		324,017		101,331		222,686
Premium		83,807		-		(4,190)		79,617	_	4,190		75,427
Total bonds and notes payables		1,107,320		ĕ	2	(133,686)		973,634		135,521		838,113
Compensated absences		1,765,594		412,220		(1,462)		2,176,352		1 =		2,176,352
Net pension liability		14,368,357		6,519,365				20,887,722		-		20,887,722
Net other postemployment benefits		2,701,371		238,469		(81,666)		2,858,174				2,858,174
Total long-term liabilities	\$	19,942,642	\$	7,170,054	\$	(216,814)	\$	26,895,882	\$	135,521	\$	26,760,361
Business-type activities:												
Bonds payable:												
Direct placements - water	\$	8,381,213	\$		\$	(485,018)	\$	7,896,195	\$	493,742	\$	7,402,453
Note payable - direct borrowing sewer	Ψ	38,597	Ψ	_	Ψ	(18,842)	*	19,755		19,755		E
Note payable - direct borrowing sewer		33,714		_		(16,458)		17,256		17,256		
		319,379				(17,434)		301,945		17,434		284,511
Premium	_	8,772,903	_		-	(537,752)	_	8,235,151	_	548,187	135	7,686,964
Total bonds and notes payables				-		(29,242)		143,678		-		143,678
Compensated absences-water		172,920				(3,880)		93,634				93,634
Compensated absences- sewer	_	97,514	•		-\$		-	8,472,463	-	548,187	\$	7,924,276
Total long-term liabilities	<u>\$</u>	9,043,337	<u>\$</u>		_	(570,874)	=	0,472,403	Φ	540,107	=	1,727,270

Long-term bonds are comprised of the following:

mg term beings are comprised at the en-	0					Out	standing at		
	(Original	Issue	Maturity	Interest	Dec	cember 31,	(Current
	_		Date_	Date	Rate %		2022	Portion	
overnmental activities:									
Bond payable:									
Direct placement:									
Radio equipment	\$	601,500	2021	2041	1.59%	<u> </u>	570,000		30,000
Notes payable - direct borrowings:									
Rubbish truck	\$	198,340	2020	2027	1.25%		145,136		27,607
2018 Tahoe	\$	42,729	2018	2023	2.40%		9,372		9,372
2020 Chevy Silverado	\$	42,741	2020	2024	2.01%		22,214		10,888
2021 Chevy Silverado	\$	21,132	2020	2024	2.00%		26,571		13,023
2019 Wheel loader	\$	164,424	2020	2025	2.98%		98,860		31,989
Ford 150	\$	33,850	2021	2025	2.28%		21,864		8,452
Total notes payable							324,017		101,331
Bond premium							79,617		4,190
Total governmental activities						\$	973,634	\$	135,521
								(Co	ontinued)

Long-term bonds continued:

song to m contain contains					Οι	itstanding at		
	Original	Issue	Maturity	Interest	D	ecember 31,	(Current
	Amount	Date	Date	Rate %		2022		Portion
Business - type activities:								
Bonds payable:								
Direct placements:								
Water treatment facility	\$ 5,997,345	2008	2037	1.00-5.25%	\$	3,455,000	\$	160,000
Drinking water state revolving loan	\$ 5,000,000	2011	2031	2.86%		1,351,195		133,742
Water treatment facility	\$ 971,000	2012	2032	2.75-4.00%		470,000		50,000
Town pier and water tank	\$ 2,921,200	2020	2040	2.15%		2,620,000		150,000
Total direct placements						7,896,195	_	493,742
Notes payable - direct borrowings:								
Sewer Vehicles	\$ 90,025	2019	2023	2.40%		19,755		19,755
Water Ford F150	\$ 34,705	2019	2023	2.40%		9,644		9,644
Water Ford Super F250	\$ 43,968	2019	2023	2.40%		7,612		7,612
Total direct borrowings					_	37,011	_	37,011
Bond premium				3		301,945		17,434
Total					\$	8,235,151	\$	548,187

The annual requirements to amortize all general obligation bonds and notes outstanding as of December 31, 2022, including interest payments, are as follows:

Governmental activities:

Fiscal Year Ending		Во	nd - Di	rect Placeme	ent		Notes - Direct Borrowings								
December 31,	F	rincipal	Interest		Total		Principal		I.	nterest	Total				
2023	\$	30,000	\$	19,905	\$	49,905	\$	101,331	\$	9,345	\$	110,676			
2024		30,000		18,375		48,375		94,959		6,007		100,966			
2025		30,000		16,845		46,845		67,508		3,160		70,668			
2026		30,000		15,315		45,315		29,736		1,316		31,052			
2027		30,000		13,785		43,785		30,483		571		31,054			
2028-2032		150,000		47,175		197,175		*		84		=			
2033-2037		150,000		21,825		171,825				72		Δ;			
2038-2042		120,000		5,040		125,040) -		98					
Totals	\$	570,000	\$	158,265	\$	728,265	\$	324,017	\$	20,399	\$	344,416			

Business -type activities:

Fiscal Year Ending	Bonds - Direct Placements							Notes - Direct Borrowings								
December 31,		Principal		Interest		Total		Principal		nterest		Total				
2023	\$	493,742	\$	266,802	\$	760,544	\$	37,011	\$	1,336	\$	38,347				
2024		507,573		248,652		756,225		:=:		*						
2025		516,513		229,989		746,502		1990		-		Ħ				
2026		530,565		211,268		741,833		19 2 0		*		*				
2027		539,734		191,076		730,810		-		#		×				
2028-2032		2,748,068		646,072		3,394,140		:₹:		<u>-</u>		≅				
2033-2037		2,125,000		205,808		2,330,808		15 1 72		=		-				
2038-2042		435,000		16,149		451,149		<u></u>				<u> </u>				
Totals	\$	7,896,195	\$	2,015,816	\$	9,912,011	\$	37,011	\$	1,336	\$	38,347				

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Bonds Authorized and Unissued - Bonds and notes authorized and unissued as of December 31, 2022 were as follows:

Per Town		
Meeting		Unissued
Vote of	Purpose	Amount
March 2017	Asset management plan for Town water and sewer	\$ 60,000

NOTE 16 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description – The New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS or the System) is a public employee retirement system that administers one cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan (Pension Plan), a component unit of the State of New Hampshire, as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25. The Pension Plan was established in 1967 by RSA 100-A:2 and is qualified as a tax-exempt organization under Sections 401(a) and 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Pension Plan is a contributory, defined benefit plan providing service, disability, death and vested retirement benefits to members and their beneficiaries. Substantially all full-time state employees, public school teachers and administrators, permanent firefighters and permanent police officers within the State are eligible and required to participate in the Pension Plan. The System issues a publicly available financial report that may be obtained by writing the New Hampshire Retirement System, 54 Regional Drive, Concord, NH 03301.

Benefits Provided – Benefit formulas and eligibility requirements for the Pension Plan are set by state law (RSA 100-A). The Pension Plan is divided into two membership groups. State and local employees and teachers belong to Group I. Police and firefighters belong to Group II.

Group I benefits are provided based on creditable service and average final salary for the highest of either three or five years, depending on when service commenced.

Group II benefits are provided based on age, years of creditable service and benefit multiplier depending on vesting status as of 1/1/12. The maximum retirement allowance for Group II members vested by 1/1/12 (45 years of age with 20 years of service or age 60 regardless of years of creditable service) is the average final compensation multiplied by 2.5% multiplied by creditable service. For Group II members not vested by 1/1/12 the benefit is calculated the same way, but the multiplier used in the calculation will change depending on age and years of creditable service as follows:

Years of Creditable Service as of 1/1/12	Minimum Age	Minimum Service	Benefit Multiplier
At least 8 but less than 10 years	46	21	2.4%
At least 6 but less than 8 years	47	22	2.3%
At least 4 but less than 6 years	48	23	2.2%
Less than 4 years	49	24	2.1%

Members of both groups may qualify for vested deferred allowances, disability allowances and death benefit allowances, subject to meeting various eligibility requirements. Benefits are based on AFC or earnable compensation and/or service.

Contributions – The System is financed by contributions from both the employees and the Town. Member contribution rates are established and may be amended by the State legislature while employer contribution rates are set by the System trustees based on an actuarial valuation. Group I members are required to contribute 7% of earnable compensation and group II members (police and fire) are required to contribute 11.55% and 11.80% respectively. For fiscal year 2022, the Town contributed 30.67% for police, 29.78% for fire and 13.75% for other employees. The contribution requirement for the fiscal year 2022 was \$2,096,935, which was paid in full.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At December 31, 2022 the Town reported a liability of \$20,887,722 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating towns and school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the Town's proportion was 0.36% which was an increase of 0.04% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Town recognized pension expense of \$2,716,242. At December 31, 2022 the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Changes in proportion	\$ 2,406,724	\$ 99,028
Changes in assumptions	1,111,060	\$ = \$
Net difference between projected and actual investment		
earnings on pension plan investments	791,618	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	392,025	80,184
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,039,524	
Total	\$ 5,740,951	\$ 179,212
Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments Differences between expected and actual experience Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 2,406,724 1,111,060 791,618 392,025 1,039,524	\$ 99,02

The \$1,039,354 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions results from the Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	
December 31,	
2023	\$ 1,424,379
2024	1,364,533
2025	284,836
2026	1,448,467
Thereafter	
Totals	\$ 4,522,215

Actuarial Assumptions – The collective total pension liability was determined by a roll forward of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions which, accordingly, apply to 2022 measurements:

Inflation: 2.0%

Salary increases: 5.4% average, including inflation Wage inflation: 2.75% (2.25% for teachers)

Investment rate of return: 6.75% net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Health Retiree Mortality Tables with credibility adjustments for each group (Police and Fire combined) and projected fully generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which was for the period July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2019.

Long-term Rates of Return – The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investment was selected from a best estimate range determined using the building block approach. Under this method, an expected future real return range is calculated separately for each asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rate of return net of investment expenses by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Following is a table presenting target allocations and long-term rates of return for 2022:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Geometric Return
713301 01653	THOCATION	So Year Geometric Heart
Broad US Equity (1)	30.00%	7.60%
Global Ex-US Equity (2)	20.00%	7.90%
Total public equity	50.00%	
Real Estate Equity	10.00%	6.60%
Private Equity	10.00%	8.85%
Total private market equity	20.00%	
Private Debt	5.00%	7.25%
Core U.S. Fixed Income (3)	25.00%	3.60%
Inflation	0.00%	2.25%
Total	100.00%	7.30%

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the collective total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. For purposes of the projection, member contributions and employer service cost contributions are projected based on the expected payroll of current members only. Employer contributions are determined based on the Pension Plan's actuarial funding policy as required by RSA 100-A:16. Based on those assumptions, the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investment was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the collective total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.75% as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

Actuarial	Current Single			
Valuation	1% Decrease Rate Assumption 1% Increase			
Date	5.75%	6.75%	7.75%	
June 30, 2022	\$ 28.026.057	\$ 20,887,722	\$ 14,952,858	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued New Hampshire Retirement System Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan financial report.

NOTE 17 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

17-A New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS)

Plan Description – The New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS or the System) administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan medical subsidy healthcare plan (OPEB Plan). For additional system information, please refer to the 2022 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which can be found on the system's website at www.nhrs.org.

Benefits Provided - Benefit amounts and eligibility requirements for the OPEB Plan are set by state law (RSA 100-A:52, RSA 100-A:52-a and RSA 100-A:52-b), and members are designated in statute by type. The four membership types are Group II, Police Officers, and Firefighters; Group I, Teachers; Group I, Political Subdivision Employees; and Group I, State Employees. The OPEB Plan provides a medical insurance subsidy to qualified retired members. The medical insurance subsidy is a payment made by NHRS to the former employer or its insurance administrator toward the cost of health insurance for a qualified retiree,

his/her qualified spouse, and his/her certified dependent children with a disability who are living in the household and being cared for by the retiree. If the health insurance premium amount is less than the medical subsidy amount, then only the health insurance premium amount exceeds the medical subsidy amount, then the retiree or other qualified person is responsible for paying any portion that the employer does not pay.

Group I benefits are based on creditable service, age, and retirement date. Group II benefits are based on hire date, age, and creditable service. The OPEB plan is closed to new entrants.

Maximum medical subsidy rates paid during fiscal year 2022 were as follows:

For qualified retirees not eligible for Medicare, the amounts were \$375.56 for a single-person plan and \$751.12 for a two-person plan.

For those qualified retirees eligible for Medicare, the amounts were \$236.84 for a single-person plan and \$473.68 for a two-person plan.

Contributions – The OPEB Plan is funded by allocating to the 401(h) subtrust the lessor of: 25% of all employer contributions made in accordance with RSA 100-A:16 or the percentage of employer contributions determined by the actuary to be the minimum rate necessary to maintain the benefits provided under RSA 100-A:53-b, RSA 100-A:53-c, and RSA 100-A:53-d. For fiscal year 2022, the minimum rates determined by the actuary to maintain benefits were the lesser of the two options and were used to determine the employer contributions due to the 401(h) subtrust. The State Legislature has the authority to establish, amend and discontinue the contribution requirements of the OPEB Plan. Administrative costs are allocated to the OPEB Plan based on fund balances. For fiscal year 2022, the Town contributed 3.21% for police and fire, and 0.31% for other employees. The contribution requirement for the fiscal year 2022 was \$222,810, which was paid in full.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB – At December 31, 2022, the Town reported a liability of \$2,009,716 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The Town's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating towns and school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the Town's proportion was 0.53% which was an increase of 0.09% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$435,673. At December 31, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Deferred

Dafarrad

	_	itflows of	Inflo	ws of
	R	esources	Reso	urces
Net difference between projected and actual investment				
earnings on OPEB plan investments	\$	5,492	\$	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		110,360		-
Total	\$	115,852	\$	15)

The \$110,360 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB results from the Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending		
December 31,		
2023	\$	913
2024		237
2025	(2,161)
2026		6,503
Thereafter		200
Totals	\$	5,492

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Actuarial Assumptions – The total OPEB liability in this report is based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021 and a measurement date of June 30, 2022. The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Price inflation: 2.0% per year

Wage inflation: 2.75% (2.25% for teachers)
Salary increases: 5.4% average, including inflation

Investment rate of return: 6.75% net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Health care trend rate: Not applicable, given that the benefits are fixed stipends

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Health Retiree Mortality Tables with credibility adjustments for each group (Police and Fire combined) and projected fully generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which was for the period July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2019.

Long-term Rates of Return – The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investment was selected from a best estimate range determined using the building block approach. Under this method, an expected future real return range is calculated separately for each asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rate of return net of investment expenses by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Following is a table presenting target allocations and long-term rates of return for 2022:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Geometric Return
Broad US Equity (1)	30.00%	7.60%
Global Ex-US Equity (2)	20.00%	7.90%
Total public equity	50.00%	
Real Estate Equity	10.00%	6.60%
Private Equity	10.00%	8.85%
Total private market equity	20.00%	
Private Debt	5.00%	7.25%
Core U.S. Fixed Income (3)	25.00%	
Inflation	0.00%	2.25%
Total	100.00%	7.30%

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made under the current statute RSA 100-A:16 and that plan member contributions will be made under RSA 100-A:16. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the collective total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the Town's proportionate share of the OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.75% as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

Actuarial		Ct	irrent Single		
Valuation	1% Decrease	Rat	e Assumption	11	% Increase
Date	5.75%		6.75%		7.75%
June 30, 2022	\$ 2,181,889	\$	2,009,716	\$	1,859,767

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued New Hampshire Retirement System Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit OPEB Plan financial report.

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

17-B Town of Seabrook Retiree Health Benefit Program

Plan Description – GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, requires governments to account for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) on an accrual basis, rather than on a payas-you-go basis. The effect is the recognition of an actuarially determined expense on the Statement of Activities when a future retiree earns their postemployment benefits, rather than when they use their postemployment benefit. The postemployment benefit liability is recognized on the Statement of Net Position over time.

Benefits Provided – The Town provides postemployment healthcare benefits and prescription drugs for certain eligible retirees based on their collective bargaining unit, age, and number of years of service completed.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms - At January 1, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	30
Active employees	124_
Total participants covered by OPEB plan	154

Total OPEB Liability – The Town's total OPEB liability of \$848,458 was measured as of January 1, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability of \$848,458 in the January 1, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount Rate:	4.18%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:	
Current Year Trend	7.00%
Second Year Trend	6.75%
Decrement	0.25%
Ultimate Trend	4.50%
Year Ultimate Trend is Reached	2034

The selected discount rate is based on the prescribed discount interest rate methodology under GASB No. 74/75 using an average of two 20-year municipal bond indices (e.g., S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index - 4.31% and Fidelity GO AA 20 Years - 4.05%) as of December 31, 2022.

Prior discount rate used in January 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021 GASB 74/75 report was 2.05%.

Mortality rates were based on Society of Actuaries Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Healthy Male and Female Total Dataset Headcount-Weighted Mortality tables based on Employee and Healthy Annuitant Tables for both pre- and post-retirement projected with mortality improvements using the most current Society of Actuaries Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2021.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

		December 31,					
	-	2021		2022			
OPEB liability beginning of year	\$	974,849	\$	930,124			
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		20,087		17,428			
Interest		19,148		36,670			
Assumption changes and difference between actual and							
expected experience		(2,314)		(30,061)			
Benefit payments		(81,646)		(105,703)			
OPEB liability end of year	\$	930,124	\$	848,458			

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Sensitivity of the Town's OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The January 1, 2022 actuarial valuation was prepared using a discount rate of 4.18%. If the discount rate were 1% higher than what was used the OPEB liability would decrease to \$798,633 or by 5.87%. If the discount rate were 1% lower than what was used the OPEB liability would increase to \$901,507 or by 6.25%.

 Discount Rate

 1% Decrease
 Baseline 4.18%
 1% Increase

 Total OPEB Liability
 \$ 901,507
 \$ 848,458
 \$ 798,633

Sensitivity of the Town's OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The January 1, 2022 actuarial valuation was prepared using an initial trend rate of 7.00%. If the trend rate were 1% higher than what was used the OPEB liability would increase to \$928,987 or by 9.49%. If the trend rate were 1% lower than what was used the OPEB liability would decrease to \$778,941 or by 8.19%.

	Hea	Cost Trend I	Rates			
1%	Decrease	I	Baseline	1%	6 Increase	
6.0	0% Year 1	7.0	0% Year 1	8.00% Year 1		
Decreasing			ecreasing	Decreasing		
t	o 3.50%	to 4.50%		to 5.50%		
\$	778,941	\$	848,458	\$	928,987	
	6.0 De	1% Decrease 6.00% Year 1 Decreasing to 3.50%	1% Decrease 1.6.00% Year 1 7.0 Decreasing D to 3.50% 1	1% Decrease Baseline 6.00% Year 1 7.00% Year 1 Decreasing Decreasing to 3.50% to 4.50%	1% Decrease Baseline 1% 6.00% Year 1 7.00% Year 1 8.0 Decreasing Decreasing D to 3.50% to 4.50% t	

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB – For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$54,581. At December 31, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	D	eferred	Deferred				
	Ou	tflows of	Inflows of				
	R	esources	Re	esources			
Changes in assumptions	\$	50,050	\$	67,154			

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	
December 31,	
2023	\$ 483
2024	483
2025	483
2026	483
2027	(6,467)
Thereafter	(12,569)
Totals	\$ (17,104)

NOTE 18 - ENCUMBRANCES

The outstanding encumbrances are amounts needed to pay any commitments related to purchase orders and contracts that remain unperformed at December 31, 2022 are as follows:

General fund:	
General government	\$ 24,685
Public safety	3,660
Highways and streets	7,405
Sanitation	44,322
Welfare	1,077
Culture and recreation	14,515
Total general fund	\$ 95,664

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 19 – GOVERNMENTAL AND BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES AND FIDUCIARY FUNDS NET POSITION

Governmental and business-type activities and fiduciary fund net position reported on the Statements of Net Position at December 31, 2022 include the following:

	G	overnmental Activities	Business-type Activities (Proprietary Funds)		Total		I	Fiduciary Funds
Net investment in capital assets:								
Net book value, all capital assets	\$	45,105,198	\$	9,704,052	\$	54,809,250	\$	3.83
Less:								
General obligation bonds payable		(570,000)		(7,896,195)		(8,466,195)		3 = 3
Unamortized bond premiums		(79,617)		(301,945)		(381,562)		-
Note payable		(324,017)		(37,011)	_	(361,028)		-
Total net investment in capital assets		44,131,564		1,468,901		45,600,465	_	
Restricted net position:								
Perpetual care - nonexpendable		10,831		0.		10,831		(-)
Perpetual care - expendable		6,094		18 4 5		6,094		(2)
Road improvements		1,571,368		TE		1,571,368		3.00
Unspent bond proceed		868,490		14		868,490		(= :
Drug forfeiture		10,020		*		10,020		74
Channel 22		50,000		-		50,000		1725
Library		604,129		7:		604,129		-
Capital projects		995,700		=		995,700		
D'Alessandro trust		109,078		•		109,078		2.5
Water		:₩);		1,683,235		1,683,235		A. T.
Sewer		746		1,418,485		1,418,485		100
Communications		354,134		¥		354,134		=
School trust funds		:=		=		:#:		484,753
Escrow accounts		-		=		920		1,168,809
Individuals, organizations, and other governments		-		<u>~</u> _		12.	_	1,411,132
Total restricted net position		4,579,844		3,101,720		7,681,564		3,064,694
Unrestricted		(9,386,439)	3.5	<u>.</u>		(9,386,439)		2
Total net position	\$	39,324,969	\$	4,570,621	\$	43,895,590	\$	3,064,694

NOTE 20 - GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at December 31, 2022 include the following:

						Total	
	General		No	onmajor	Governmenta		
		Fund	1	Funds	Funds		
Nonspendable:	***************************************		9				
Prepaid items	\$	214,013	\$	-	\$	214,013	
Tax deeded property		20,341		14		20,341	
Permanent fund - principal balance		1€		10,831		10,831	
Total nonspendable fund balance	-	234,354		10,831	51	245,185	
•					(C	ontinued)	

Governmental fund balances continued:

	General Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Restricted:			1 571 269
Road improvements	1,571,368	***	1,571,368
Library	604,129		604,129
Drug forfeiture	10,020		10,020
Capital expenditures	868,490	995,700	1,864,190
Channel 22	50,000	1.00	50,000
D'Alessandro trust	*	109,078	109,078
Communications	;€	354,134	354,134
Permanent - income balance	<u>*</u> ,	6,094	6,094
Total restricted fund balance	3,104,007	1,465,006	4,569,013
Committed:		-	
Expendable trust	736,537	(m)	736,537
Nonlapsing appropriations	3,778,412	~	3,778,412
Conservation	-	209,233	209,233
Ambulance	4 0	983,047	983,047
Transportation	, e .	36,876	36,876
Recreation	(4))	37,975	37,975
Police detail	:etc	471,475	471,475
Recycling	:≝(151,249	151,249
Total committed fund balance	4,514,949	1,889,855	6,404,804
Assigned:			
Encumbrances	95,664	7¥1	95,664
Unassigned	3,731,958		3,731,958
Total governmental fund balances	\$ 11,680,932	\$ 3,365,692	\$ 15,046,624

NOTE 21 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

Net position/fund balance at January 1, 2022 was restated to give retroactive effect to the following prior period adjustments:

	Governmental Business-type Activities Activities		Proprietary Funds Sewer Water Fund Fund		Governmen General Fund (Exhibit C-3)		General Fund (Schedule 3)		F	iduciary Funds				
Restatement to opening fund balance/net position for:		Activities		tivities		Tund	_	1 010		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
Recognize a prior year liability in private purpose trust funds Reclassification of the water	\$	88,818	\$	120	\$	12	\$	(c =)	\$	88,818	\$	88,818	\$	(88,818)
fund as a proprietary fund		(3,737,302)	3,	737,302		2,280,000		1,457,302		(3,737,302)		(2,280,000)		-
Reclassification of the sewer fund as a proprietary fund		(19,380)		19,380		19,380		<u> </u>		(19,380)		(E)	(Ca	- ontinued)

Prior period adjustments continued:

					Governmen		
			Proprieta	ry Funds	General	General	
	Governmental	Business-type	Sewer	Water	Fund	Fund	Fiduciary
	Activities	Activities	Fund	Fund	(Exhibit C-3)	(Schedule 3)	Funds
Reclassification of long-term assets and liabilites from governmental activities to							
business-type activities	87,404	(87,404)	202,758	(290,162)		3 8 8	*
Adjustment for capital assets							
over depreciated in prior year	149,013	Ren	•	8	-	3	2
Adjustment to for leases -							
GASB Statement No. 87	88,674	(E	-	Fig. 1	88,674	•	*
Net position/fund balance					aronna voir aronna sacha Ar	Control Service Control Service Control	
as previously reported	43,897,279				14,063,700	4,611,310	1,641,039
Net position/fund balance as restated	\$ 40,554,506	\$ 3,669,278	\$ 2,502,138	\$ 1,167,140	\$ 10,484,510	\$ 2,420,128	\$ 1,552,221

NOTE 22 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters. During fiscal year 2022, the Town was a member of the New Hampshire Public Risk Management Exchange (Primex³) Workers' Compensation and Property/Liability Programs.

The New Hampshire Public Risk Management Exchange (Primex³) Workers' Compensation and Property/Liability Programs are pooled risk management programs under RSAs 5-B and 281-A. Coverage was provided from January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022 by Primex³, which retained \$2,000,000 of each workers' compensation loss, \$500,000 of each liability loss, and for each property loss it is based upon the Town's property schedule on file with Primex³. The Board has decided to self-insure the aggregate exposure and has allocated funds based on actuarial analysis for that purpose. The workers' compensation section of the self-insurance membership agreement permits Primex³ to make additional assessments to members should there be a deficiency in contributions for any member year, not to exceed the member's annual contribution. GASB Statement No. 10 requires members of a pool with a sharing risk to disclose if such an assessment is probable, and a reasonable estimate of the amount, if any. In fiscal year 2022 the Town paid \$245,523 and \$434,537 respectively, to Primex for property, liability, and worker's compensation. At this time, Primex³ foresees no likelihood of any additional assessment for this or any prior year.

The Town continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 23 – TAX ABATEMENTS

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 77 defines tax abatements as a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments.

The Town has no such abatements for 2022.

NOTE 24 - COVID-19

As a result of the spread of COVID-19, Coronavirus, economic uncertainties continue. The duration of these uncertainties and the ultimate financial effects cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

The Town was allotted a total of \$925,666 in federal funding from the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) in 2021. A total of \$462,863 or 50% of the funding was received in 2021. The remaining 50% was received in 2022. Eligible uses of these funds include pandemic responses or its negative impacts, workforce/personnel, including payroll and hazard/premium pay, provision of government services to the extent of reduces revenue and necessary water, sewer, and broadband investment. For the year ended December 31, 2022 the Town spent none of the funds received. The remaining funds are included in the deferred inflows of resources until eligible expenditures have been made.

NOTE 25 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Town participates in various federal grant programs, the principal of which are subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Single Audit Act as amended. Accordingly, the government's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at a future date. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the government anticipates such amounts, if any, will be immaterial.

The Town is a defendant in various claims and suits. Although the outcome of these claims and suits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Town's legal counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Town of Seabrook.

NOTE 26 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events are events or transactions that occur after the balance sheet date, but before the financial statements are issued. Recognized subsequent events are events or transactions that provided additional evidence about conditions that existed at the balance sheet date, including the estimates inherent in the process of preparing the financial statements. Nonrecognized subsequent events are events that provide evidence about conditions that did not exist at the balance sheet date but arose after the date. Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 14, 2023, the date the December 31, 2022 financial statements were available to be issued, and no event occurred that require recognition or disclosure.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

EXHIBIT G

TOWN OF SEABROOK, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability

New Hampshire Retirement System Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

Unaudited

Fiscal year-end	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2022
Measurement date	June 30,	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30,	June 30, 2022
Town's: Proportion of the net pension liability	0.27%	0.28%	0.27%	0.30%	0.31%	0.31%	0.30%	0.30%	0.32%	0.36%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$11,520,032	\$10,620,503	\$10,666,965	\$15,974,182	\$15,113,057	\$ 14,745,597	\$ 14,580,482	\$ 19,126,383	\$14,368,357	\$ 20,887,722
Covered payroll	\$ 4,033,905	\$ 3,871,031	\$ 3,833,602	\$ 4,301,631	\$ 4,185,317	\$ 4,387,923	\$ 5,024,735	\$ 5,078,953	\$ 5,803,969	\$ 7,469,524
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentag of its covered payroll	ge 285.58%	274.36%	278.25%	371.35%	361.10%	336.05%	290.17%	376.58%	247.56%	279.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	59.81%	66.32%	65.47%	58.30%	62.66%	64.73%	65.59%	58.72%	72.22%	65.12%

EXHIBIT H

TOWN OF SEABROOK, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Schedule of Town Contributions - Pensions

New Hampshire Retirement System Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

Unaudited

Fiscal year-end	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2022
Measurment date	June 30, 2013	June 30,	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022
· Contractually required contributions	\$ 665,576	\$ 917,932	\$ 903,349	\$ 1,075,678	\$ 1,125,778	\$ 1,294,305	\$ 1,318,706	\$ 1,328,415	\$ 1,838,616	\$ 2,096,935
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	(665,576)	(917,932)	(903,349)	(1,075,678)	(1,125,778)	(1,294,305)	(1,318,706)	(1,328,415)	(1,838,616)	(2,096,935)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ =	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	\$ -
Town's covered payroll	\$ 4,033,905	\$ 3,871,031	\$ 3,833,602	\$ 4,301,631	\$ 4,185,317	\$ 4,387,923	\$ 5,024,735	\$ 5,078,953	\$ 6,547,325	\$ 7,433,082
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	16.50%	23.71%	23.56%	25.01%	26.90%	29.50%	26,24%	26.16%	28.08%	28.21%

TOWN OF SEABROOK, NEW HAMPSHIRE NOTE TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION LIABILITY

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Town Contributions - Pensions

Changes in Benefit Terms - There were no changes in benefit terms for the current period.

Changes in Assumptions - Salary increases changed to 5.4% from 5.6% in the current period.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates — A full list of the methods and assumptions used to determine the contribution rates can be found in the most recent actuarial valuation report. This report can be located at www.nhrs.org.

As required by GASB Statement No. 68, and as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, Exhibits G and H represent the actuarial determined costs associated with the Town's pension plan at December 31, 2022. These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

EXHIBIT I TOWN OF SEABROOK, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability New Hampshire Retirement System Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

Unaudited

Fiscal year-end	December 31, 2016	December 3 2017	1, December 31, 2018	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2022
Measurement date	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022
Town's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.30%	0.30	% 0.45%	0.45%	0.41%	0.44%	0.53%
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 1,436,916	\$ 1,392,67	5 \$ 2,069,659	\$ 1,954,109	\$ 1,787,303	\$ 1,771,247	\$ 2,009,716
Town's covered payroll	\$ 4,301,631	\$ 4,185,31	7 \$ 4,387,923	\$ 5,024,735	\$ 5,078,953	\$ 5,803,969	\$ 7,469,524
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentag of its covered payroll	33.40%	33.28	% 47.17%	6 38.89%	35.19%	30.52%	26.91%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentag of the total OPEB liability	5.21%	7.91	% 7.53%	6 7.75%	7.74%	11.06%	10.64%

The Notes to the Required Supplementary Information – Other Postemployment Benefit Liability is an integral part of this schedule.

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EXHIBIT J TOWN OF SEABROOK, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Schedule of Town Contributions - Other Postemployment Benefits New Hampshire Retirement System Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

Unaudited

Fiscal year-end	Dec	ember 31, 2016	De	December 31, I		December 31, 2018		December 31, 2019		cember 31, 2020	De	cember 31, 2021	Dec	2022
Measurement date	Ju	ine 30, 2016	_	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021		June 30,	
Contractually required contribution	\$	172,470	\$	180,529	\$	199,952	\$	203,411	\$	189,536	\$	223,997	\$	222,810
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	-	(172,470)	-	(180,529)		(199,952)		(203,411)	-	(189,536)		(223,997)	_	(222,810)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>		\$				<u>\$</u>		\$		_\$_		\$	
Town's covered payroll	\$ 4	4,301,631	\$	4,185,317	\$	4,387,923	\$	5,024,735	\$	5,078,953	\$	6,547,325	\$	7,433,082
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		4.01%		4.31%		4.56%		4.05%		3.73%		3.42%		3.00%

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EXHIBIT K

TOWN OF SEABROOK, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Schedule of Changes in the Town's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios Retiree Health Benefit Program

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

Unaudited

			D	ecember 31,			
	2018	 2019		2020	2021	_	2022
OPEB liability, beginning of year	\$ 987,896	\$ 983,052	\$	1,067,501	\$ 974,849	\$	930,124
Changes for the year:							
Service cost	14,423	16,273		19,610	20,087		17,428
Interest	36,481	30,443		20,829	19,148		36,670
Assumption changes and difference between							
actual and expected experience	120	95,650		(60,360)	(2,314)		(30,061)
Benefit payments	(55,748)	(57,917)		(72,731)	(81,646)		(105,703)
OPEB liability, end of year	\$ 983,052	\$ 1,067,501	\$	974,849	\$ 930,124	\$	848,458
Covered payroll	\$ 7,475,688	\$ 7,475,688	\$	7,672,841	 7,672,841	\$	6,961,026
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	13.15%	14.28%		12.71%	12.12%		12.19%

TOWN OF SEABROOK, NEW HAMPSHIRE

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT LIABILITY

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Schedule of Town Contributions - Other Postemployment Benefits

Changes in Benefit Terms – There were no changes in benefit terms for the current period.

Changes in Assumptions – Salary increases changed to 5.4% from 5.6% in the current period.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates — A full list of the methods and assumptions used to determine the contribution rates can be found in the most recent actuarial valuation report. This report can be located at www.nhrs.org.

As required by GASB Statement No. 75, Exhibits I, J, and K represent the actuarial determined costs associated with the Town's other postemployment benefits at December 31, 2022. These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

Schedule of Changes in Town's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios

Changes in Benefit Terms - There were no changes in benefit terms for the current period.

Changes in Assumptions – There were no changes in assumptions for the current period.

As required by GASB Statement No. 75, Exhibit K represents the actuarial determined costs associated with the Town's other postemployment benefits at December 31, 2022. The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE 1 TOWN OF SEABROOK, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Major General Fund

Schedule of Estimated and Actual Revenues (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

		1	Variance Positive
	Estimated	Actual	(Negative)
Taxes:			A 226 (00)
Property	\$ 21,717,639	\$ 22,044,319	\$ 326,680
Yield	끝	1,138	1,138
Excavation	150	149	(1)
Interest and penalties on taxes	85,000	92,447	7,447
Total from taxes	21,802,789	22,138,053	335,264
Licenses, permits, and fees:			
Business licenses, permits, and fees	21,525	30,238	8,713
Motor vehicle permit fees	2,000,000	2,044,801	44,801
Building permits	85,250	125,941	40,691
Other	144,250	192,575	48,325
Total from licenses, permits, and fees	2,251,025	2,393,555	142,530
Intergovernmental:			
State:			
Meals and rooms distribution	739,833	739,833	400.0
Highway block grant	176,927	176,241	(686)
From other governments	97,092	97,092	=
Federal:			
FEMA	265,765	265,765	•
Other governments:			
Seabrook School District - School Resource Officer	50,000	50,000	
Total from intergovernmental	1,329,617	1,328,931	(686)
Charges for services:			46.050
Income from departments	85,325	131,595	46,270
Miscellaneous:		21.502	2 1 4 2
Sale of municipal property	28,450	31,592	3,142
Interest on investments	24,000	27,802	3,802
Other	286,400	529,779	243,379
Total from miscellaneous	338,850	589,173	250,323
Other financing sources:	44.7.100	1 (07 (00	1 010 000
Transfers in	415,400	1,627,688	1,212,288
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$ 26,223,006	\$ 28,208,995	\$ 1,985,989

SCHEDULE 2 TOWN OF SEABROOK, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Major General Fund

Schedule of Appropriations, Expenditures, and Encumbrances (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Encumbered from Prior Year	Appropriations	Expenditures	Encumbered to Subsequent Year	Variance Positive (Negative)
Current:					
General government:					
Executive	\$ 1,541	\$ 784,642	\$ 743,971	\$ 1,236	\$ 40,976
Election and registration	2	349,696	358,869	Ħ	(9,173)
Financial administration	2,512	1,058,416	1,122,090	18,609	(79,771)
Legal	=	230,000	177,628	=	52,372
Personnel administration	6,881	4,138,505	3,763,527	2	381,859
Planning and zoning	1,329	72,512	61,423	ш.	12,418
General government buildings	10,936	140,473	170,882	4,619	(24,092)
Cemeteries	i e	150,258	133,082	221	16,955
Insurance, not otherwise allocated		690,340	674,828	<u>. </u>	15,512
Total general government	23,199	7,614,842	7,206,300	24,685	407,056
Public safety:					
Police	25,214	5,584,355	5,588,184	3,311	18,074
Fire	8,060	5,244,297	5,252,879	349	(871)
Building inspection	-	109,171	97,909	2	11,262
Emergency management	1,105	142,976	139,742	<u>~</u>	4,339
Total public safety	34,379	11,080,799	11,078,714	3,660	32,804
Highways and streets:				···	
Administration	38,260	1,328,155	1,348,376	5,703	12,336
	36,200	110,000	103,867	1,702	4,431
Street lighting Total highways and streets	38,260	1,438,155	1,452,243	7,405	16,767
Sanitation:	•		13		9 5
Administration	1,909	25,100	32,093		(5,084)
Solid waste collection	34,182	1,384,022	1,512,815	44,322	(138,933)
Total sanitation	36,091	1,409,122	1,544,908	44,322	(144,017)
Water distribution and treatment	30,071	140,000	132,656		7,344
	12/)	- 110,000	102,000		
Health:	45	05.405	80,299	_	15,151
Administration	45 239	95,405 146,730	125,363		21,606
Pest control Total health	284	242,135	205,662		36,757
Welfare:		77.264	74 300		3,046
Administration and direct assistance	383	77,254	74,208	1,077	71,269
Vendor payments and other		134,224 211,478	61,878 136,086	1,077	74,315
Total welfare			130,080	1,077	74,313
Culture and recreation:					
Parks and recreation	41	1,108,894	1,019,736	11,324	77,875
Library		508,648	509,930	-	(1,282)
Patriotic purposes		40,951	40,449	3,191	(2,689)
Total culture and recreation	41	1,658,493	1,570,115	14,515	73,904
Conservation	1,746_	3,618	1,337		4,027
	<u> </u>		32		(Continued)

SCHEDULE 2 (Continued) TOWN OF SEABROOK, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Major General Fund

Schedule of Appropriations, Expenditures, and Encumbrances (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Encumbered from Prior Year	Appropriations	Expenditures	Encumbered to Subsequent Year	Variance Positive (Negative)
Debt service:	-	31,500	31,500	-	_
Principal of long-term debt	: - :-	,	•	Ĵ	314,333
Interest on long-term debt	-	335,806	21,473	_	,
Interest on tax anticipation notes	<u> </u>	4,000	10,145		(6,145)
Total debt service		371,306	63,118		308,188
Capital outlay	(#E)	874,000	2,043,686		(1,169,686)
Other financing uses: Transfers out	<u> </u>	1,179,058	799,350		379,708
Total appropriations, expenditures, other financing uses, and encumbrances	\$ 134,000	\$ 26,223,006	\$ 26,234,175	\$ 95,664	\$ 27,167

SCHEDULE 3 TOWN OF SEABROOK, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Major General Fund

Schedule of Changes in Unassigned Fund Balance For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

Unassigned fund balance, beginning (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis), as restated (Note 21)	\$ 2,420,128
Changes:	
2022 Budget summary: Revenue surplus (Schedule 1) Unexpended balance of appropriations (Schedule 2) 2022 Budget surplus	1,985,989 27,167 2,013,156
Decrease in nonspendable fund balance Increase in restricted fund balance Decrease in committed fund balance	9,263 (860,488) 480,076
Unassigned fund balance, ending (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)	4,062,135
Reconciliation on Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis to GAAP Basis	
To record deferred property taxes not collected within 60 days of the fiscal year-end, not recognized on a budgetary basis	(438,851)
Elimination of the allowance for uncollectible taxes	20,000
Prior period adjustment to recognize lease receiveable under GASB No. 87	88,674
Unassigned fund balance, ending, GAAP basis (Exhibit C-1)	\$ 3,731,958

SCHEDULE 4 TOWN OF SEABROOK, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2022

					5	Special Reve	enue F	unds				
	-									Police		
	Co	nservation	A	mbulance			Re	creation		Outside		
	Co	mmission	F	Revolving		Transportation		Revolving		Detail	Grants	
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	209,362	\$	616,663	\$	50,398	\$	60,941	\$	456,848	\$	1,071,571
Investments		300		30 0 3		3.00		0.5		-		-72
Accounts receivable, net of												
allowance for uncollectible		:=01		396,051		300		1.75		15,938		
Due from other governments		: ≥ 3		200		i € 1				77		25,646
Interfund receivable	_	721	_	345					_		_	22,651
Total assets	\$	209,362	\$	1,012,714	\$	50,398	\$	60,941	\$	472,786	<u>\$</u>	1,119,868
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$:≆:	\$	7,457	\$:**)	\$	11,354	\$:	\$	14,795
Accrued salaries and benefits		-		82		(a)		-		1,311		(**)
Interfund payable		129		22,210		13,522		11,612			_	177,545
Total liabilities	_	129	_	29,667		13,522	_	22,966	-	1,311	_	192,340
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Unavailable revenue - grants	_		_	- 10					_	(*):	_	927,528
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable		120		82		i; ; ≢)		×		: = ?)		3
Restricted		3		-		848		-		((4. 4. 4)
Committed		209,233		983,047		36,876		37,975	_	471,475	_	
Total fund balances	_	209,233		983,047	_	36,876	_	37,975	_	471,475	_)+)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of												
resources, and fund balances	<u></u>	209,362	\$	1,012,714	\$	50,398	\$	60,941	<u>\$</u>	472,786	<u>\$</u>	1,119,868

-	_						_		_	
						Capital				
						Project				
	Specia	al Revenue	Funds			Fund				
	-					own Pier				
Recycling	D'	Alessandro		Town		& Water	Pe	rmanent		
Revolving		Trust	Com	munications	_Ta	nk Projects_		Fund		Total
	-									
\$ 207,244	\$	111,033	\$	354,134		981,358	\$	153	\$	4,119,705
7. 0 3		-		ž.		-		16,772		16,772
										411,989
· *				=		97,103		F2		122,749
1 🖷		(e)				97,103				22,651
		111 022	Ф.	254 124	_	1.070.461	\$	16 025	\$	4,693,866
\$ 207,244	\$	111,033	<u>\$</u>	354,134	<u>\$</u>	1,078,461	<u> </u>	16,925	—	4,093,800
\$ -	\$	190	\$	-	\$	71,775	\$	-	\$	105,381
*		790						5:		1,311
55,995		1,955				10,986		T.		293,954
55,995	_	1,955		-		82,761		π.	-	400,646
		:*:		-		(*)				927,528
	-									
								10,831		10,831
-		109,078		354,134		995,700		6,094		1,465,006
151,249		107,076		334,134		775,100		0,074		1,889,855
151,249	-	109,078		354,134	_	995,700	_	16,925) ;	3,365,692
131,249		107,070		331,134	_	775,100		10,220	812-	-,,
¢ 207.244	¢	111 022	\$	354,134	\$	1,078,461	\$	16,925	\$	4,693,866
\$ 207,244	\$	111,033	<u>→</u>	334,134	_	1,070,401	Ψ.	10,723	=	1,075,000

SCHEDULE 5 TOWN OF SEABROOK, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Conservation Commission	Ambulance Revolving	Transportation	Recreation Revolving	Police Outside Detail	Grants				
REVENUES						d				
Licenses and permits	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 61,162	\$	\$	\$ (0.791				
Intergovernmental	2	<u>-</u>	*	44.460	140.407	69,381				
Charges for services	÷	592,305	-	44,160	149,487	1€:				
Miscellaneous	1,427	8,469	650	13,445	110.107	(0.201				
Total revenues	1,427	600,774	61,812	57,605	149,487	69,381				
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government		=	-	~	-	2,000				
Public safety	4	118,045	ä	7	170,360					
Highways and streets	2	¥	*	36		25,646				
Sanitation	3	5	<u> </u>	-	~	41,735				
Culture and recreation	-	-		60,996	(3)	•				
Debt service:										
Interest	201		<u> </u>	=	846	=				
Capital outlay	(*)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Ti						
Total expenditures	-	118,045		60,996	170,360	69,381				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	1,427	482,729	61,812	(3,391)	(20,873)					
OTHER FINANCING USES: Transfers out	:52		(80,000)	<u> </u>						
Net change in fund balances	1,427	482,729	(18,188)	(3,391)	(20,873)	-				
Fund balances, beginning	207,806	500,318	55,064	41,366	492,348					
Fund balances, ending	\$ 209,233	\$ 983,047	\$ 36,876	\$ 37,975	\$ 471,475	<u>\$</u> -				

	S	pecial Revenue	Funds	Capital Project Fund		
D	ecycling	D'Alessandro	Town	Town Pier & Water	Permanent	
	evolving	Trust	Communications	Tank Projects	Fund	Total
	evolving		Communications	Talik Trojects	Tuna	1044
\$	3. - .	\$ -	\$	\$	\$ =	\$ 61,162
	9#I		3 3	97,103	-	166,484
	45,559	-	(2)	2	-1	831,511
	1,770	755	80,148	14,317	518	121,499
	47,329	755	80,148	111,420	518	1,180,656
	65,992	30 30 30 30	·	98,006	2,515	4,515 386,411 25,646 107,727 60,996
	1	_	**	1,016	2	1,016
	6 =			114,135	=	114,135
	65,992		180	213,157	2,515	700,446
	(18,663)	755	80,148	(101,737)	(1,997)	480,210
	-	<u> </u>	192	(868,490)		(948,490)
	(18,663)	755	80,148	(970,227)	(1,997)	(468,280)
	169,912	108,323	273,986	1,965,927	18,922	3,833,972
\$	151,249	\$ 109,078	\$ 354,134	\$ 995,700	\$ 16,925	\$ 3,365,692

SCHEDULE 6 TOWN OF SEABROOK, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Custodial Funds

Combining Schedule of Fiduciary Net Position December 31, 2022

				School		State					
	T	axes	Tr	ust Funds	_	Escrows	F	ees	_	Total	
ASSETS						é					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1.5	\$	3,579	\$	1,168,809	\$	-	\$	1,172,388	
Investments) <u>+</u>)=		481,174		· ·		27/		481,174	
Intergovernmental receivables	9,	426,936			,		11:	•		9,426,936	
Total assets	9,	426,936		484,753	-	1,168,809		-		11,080,498	
LIABILITIES											
Due to school district	9,	426,936	_		=			•	_	9,426,936	
NET POSITION											
Restricted	\$		<u>\$</u>	484,753	\$	1,168,809	\$	9	\$	1,653,562	

SCHEDULE 7 TOWN OF SEABROOK, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Custodial Funds

Combining Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Custodial Funds									
	School						State			
	Taxes		Trust Funds		Escrows		Fees		Total	
Additions:	-									
Investment earnings	\$	191	\$	5,697	\$	2,124	\$	(*)	\$	7,821
Tax collections for other governments	23,255,671		<u> </u>		2		14 ()			23,255,671
State fees collected					<u> </u>		700,811			700,811
Total additions	23,255,671		5,697		2,124		_	700,811		23,964,303
Deductions:										
Benefits paid		. 5		46,567		≅.				46,567
Payments of taxes to other governments:	23,255,6	71		•		=		: =)		23,255,671
Payments of State fees		IK,		2		<u> </u>		700,811		700,811
Total deductions	23,255,6	71		46,567				700,811		24,003,049
Change in net position		-		(40,870)		2,124		•		(38,746)
Net position, beginning		B.,		525,623		1,166,685	<u></u>	- 28		1,692,308
Net position, ending	\$		\$ 4	484,753	\$	1,168,809	\$	(#0	\$	1,653,562